THE TIMES
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Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1894. No. 97

Did you Say SPONGES?
We have a few.
Call and see 'em.
O. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

Mantles, Jackets, Capes and Blouses,

The Largest Stock in the Province, at.....

THE WESTSIDE.

A Large Assortment of LADIES' COTTON UNDERWEAR opened to-day.
Showroom and Underwear Department up stairs.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

April 14, 1894.

Every Lady

In town will want a pair of those nice laced Dongola boots with patent tips which we are selling at

$1.75 per Pair.

They satisfy the desire to be dressy and are not hard on the pocket-book; they last long, and as long as they last they they keep the shape of the last.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

WEILER BROS., Have Received

Per Steamship Mogul

3,600 YARDS of JAPANESE MATTING

ALL KINDS AND PRICES, FINE ASSORTMENT.

We have also received some Printed Toilet Sets, Demijohns, Butter Crocks, Filters, Etc. Other goods constantly arriving.

FORT STREET. VICTORIA.

PERRY & TURNER,

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

I.X.L.--The Best Steel Range Made.

YOUR CHILD . . .
IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD LISTLESS AND DEBILITATED
WHY DON'T YOU TRY The O. & L. EMULSION?
IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOT FOR SALE—Near the city, price $225, $100 down, the rest monthly. Address 37 First Street, Work Estate. a19-3t

DRESSED TURKEYS 18 cents a pound at the Ideal Grocery and Provision Store, No. 5, New City Market. a19-2t

WANTED—Boys as messengers. District Telegraph, 34 Fort street. a19-3t

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Sardinian	May 5
Allan Line, Laurentian	May 12
Dominion Line, Labrador	May 1
Dominion Line, Toronto	May 5
Beaver Line, Ontario	May 1
Beaver Line, Superior	May 8

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	May 5
Cunard Line, Umbria	May 12
White Star Line, Teutonic	May 2
White Star Line, Britanic	May 9
American Line, Berlin	May 2
American Line, New York	May 9
Nor. German Lloyd, Havel	May 1
Nor. German Lloyd, Saale	May 5
Anchor Line, Furnessia	May 5
Anchor Line, Circassia	May 19
Red Star Line, Westernland	May 2
Red Star Line, Noordland	May 9

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $23 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

Oh!
there's nothing shameful about poverty.
But
there is a disgrace in going shabby.
Now
when you can buy such a nice suit of
Clothes
for so little money we
Claim
the superiority our clothing deserves
Attention
while the prices are so very low that
From
Victoria to Nanaimo and from Westminster to Vancouver
Every Man
—AND—
Every Boy
ought to have a well dressed appearance.
Bargains this week:
Print shirts, 50 cents; boy's fine outing shirts, $1.00
Cameron
The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Ford's Theatre.

Washington, April 19.—Col. A. C. Ainsworth, of the war department, was to-day arraigned for manslaughter in connection with the Ford's theatre disaster last June. He waived reading of the indictment and entered a plea of not guilty, with the privilege of withdrawing that plea, and was allowed ten days in which either to demur to the indictment or to move to quash it.

Finally Butchered Himself.

New York, April 19.—George Hofman, aged 59, a retired butcher, in possession of a snug fortune, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself in the head. The self murder was the culmination of a long debauch. Hofman had seven children, two of whom, daughters, married two brothers named Brown, both butchers in Montreal.

A Famous Physician Dead.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 19.—William V. Keating, widely known throughout the United States and Great Britain by reason of his skill as a physician and surgeon and as the author of medical works, died suddenly in his house last evening, presumably of heart disease. He was 70.

SOME COLD WATER

Sir John Pender, President, Great Eastern Telegraphs

TAKES A RATHER PESSIMISTIC VIEW

Of the All-British Cable Scheme—The Deficit on it Would be Seventy-Five Thousand Pounds a Year—Re Advances a Plan for Cheap Construction.

London, April 18.—A dispatch from South Australia says Hon. Mr. Playford, the premier, has resigned. It is said the hon. gentleman has been selected to represent the colony at the coming intercolonial conference in Ottawa.

A meeting of the Great Eastern Telegraph company was held to-day. Sir John Pender, the president, referred to the increased agitation in reference to an all British cable, and thought the scheme was too costly to be practicable. He estimated that there would be a net deficit annually of £75,000. Sir John said the imperial government could not equitably subsidize the proposed new cable without extending a similar favor to the Great Eastern Company cable. It would be cheaper, he said, for the colonies interested to arrange with the Great Eastern Company to undertake the work.

Suspended Animation.

Salamanca, N. Y., April 19.—A singular case of death or suspended animation is being watched with much interest by the residents of this village. On Monday morning Joseph Doyle, son of the proprietor of Doyle's hotel, assisted his mother in cleaning up the place. He appeared to be in good health, but when the task was completed he fell into a stupor. In ten minutes, and before the physician arrived, he had ceased to breathe. His countenance, although pallid, does not look like death, and many refuse to believe he is dead. The physicians think he may be the victim of a trance, and so far have advised against his burial.

Obsequies Under Difficulties.

Ronkonkoma, N. Y., April 19.—A funeral in the old Methodist church at Lake Grove yesterday was nearly broken up by honey bees. After the service had begun everybody noted a buzzing about the windows and walls of the church. Then the bees began to come into the room in swarms. One finally stung one of the pall bearers in the neck. The man flinched with pain. This made the congregation exceedingly nervous. They were on the point of vacating the church several times. Handkerchiefs, hats and fans were used to keep the bees from alighting on the heads of the mourners. Undertaker Charles Raynor was attacked in a vicious manner, and the bees made it so interesting for him that the perspiration poured down his face. When the services were over the bees followed the funeral procession for some distance. The pall bearers went along swinging their hands at every step to keep the bees out of stinging distance. When the graveyard was reached the bees had disappeared. The church was examined, and hundreds of pounds of honey was found among the rafters and in the church walls. It is not known how long the bees have had possession of the church. The honey was removed, and the money obtained from selling it will probably be put in the church treasury.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Happenings of the Day Throughout the Sunny Region.

San Francisco, April 19.—In the case of Henry Gray, charged with murder in connection with the death of Clara Matthews, from malpractice performed by Dr. Van Werthern, the jury disagreed, seven being for conviction and five for acquittal.

Fresno, Cal., April 19.—The preliminary examination of Professor A. W. Sanders, arrested at Reedly, Cal., last night on suspicion of being connected with the murder of William Wootton, a wealthy rancher, who has been missing for some time past, has been set for the first Monday in May.

Angel's Camp, Ca., April 19.—Arthur Mackay has been held to appear before the superior court on a charge of robbing the Angels and Milton stage on Monday last, when $2,000 was taken from the treasure box.

San Francisco, April 19.—Wheat is easier; May, 114 1-8; barley easier; May, 112 1-2.

San Jose, Cal., April 19.—The trial of H. M. Leonard, president of the defunct Santa Clara bank, commenced to-day, the charge being embezzlement. He was indicted on half a dozen counts, but the charge in the present trial is of embezzling $8384 on May 8th, the day before the bank closed. Leonard is out on $10,000 bail.

San Francisco, April 19.—Mrs. Bertie Sechrist, wife of Dr. Charles J. Sechrist of this city, was accidentally poisoned last evening by taking an overdose of chloride hydrate. Shortly after midnight she fell into a stupor, medical assistance was at once summoned, but without avail, the unfortunate lady dying in a short time.

The case for the prosecution in the Fredericks murder trial closed this morning. The defense has few witnesses, and its case will be completed to-morrow.

One more juror, making four in all, was secured this morning to try Mrs Shattuck for the murder of Harry Poole.

Up to noon to-day the local contingent of the industrial army has made no further arrangements to leave the city.

The state conclave of Knights Templars opened in this city to-day and will last three days. More knights than usual are in attendance, delegations from the southern portion of the state being especially strongly represented. The grand commandery met in the Masonic temple this morning, the reports of officers occupying the session.

The exhibit of California wild flowers which is being made under the auspices of the state floral association, opened in the horticultural and agricultural building this morning.

ANXIOUS FOR AMITY.

English Stockholders in St. Louis Breweries Desire Peace.

St. Louis, April 19.—No less than ten prominent lawyers from Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, New York and other points are registered at the Southern hotel to-day. While one and all are noncommittal it is gathered that they are here for the purpose of watching from the outside the proceedings of the journeyman brewers' convention. It is also understood that three of the principal stockholders of the English brewing syndicate are in the city under assumed names and that they may seek audience of the convention for the purpose of bringing about an amicable arrangement between the English interests and the score of St. Louis breweries that are now and have been for some time under the boycott.

It is admitted that the English stockholders who were inveigled into syndicate investment by stories of large profits and ween employers and employees in this country are literally scared out of their wits over the developments of the past few months, and especially over the fact that the combine's boycotted breweries will be compelled to pass the next dividend.

The majority of these stockholders, it is understood, have within a year lost heavily in Australian bank and land investments, as well as by the failure of the building association controlled by Balfour, the absconding member of Parliament, and these have been banking on good returns from their American investments as the last resort through which the wolf might be kept from the door.

The anxiety that is manifested for an amicable settlement of the trouble in which the syndicate breweries are now involved is readily explained on this hypothesis.

St. Louis, April 19.—Nearly one hundred delegates, representing the employees of nearly every brewery combination of breweries in the United States assembled here to-day in secret session under the auspices of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor for the purpose of organizing a "National Trades Assembly of Brewery Employees." The convention grows out of a request submitted to the general executive board at its session in Des Moines in February last from local assemblies 652, 691, and 7503, all being composed of of employees of beer breweries.

Hitherto this branch of industry has been controlled entirely by local organizations, but in view of the amalgamation and consolidation of interests that has been brought about as the result of the influx of British capital, and the efforts on the part of the controlling powers of the British interests to reduce the wages standard to the pauper labor scale now and for years past in force across the Atlantic, where the finest of brewings can be retailed over the bar at a cent a glass, one-fifth of the current American price, it was deemed advisable by the leading men among the brewery employees to consolidate the local associations now existing, and those likely to be brought into existence by a national organization.

Beyond the transatlantic questions that are involved the present wage schedule of distinctively American breweries will enter into the consideration of the new organization, and it is not unlikely that within a couple of months there will be a general strike of the brewery workers of this country.

Under the rules of the Knights of Labor the convention to-day is being conducted with closed doors, the proceedings being under the charge and supervision of local assembly 7503, of this city, of the Knights of Labor. The convention will probably be in session for several days.

London, April 19.—The representatives of the English brewery syndicate have arranged for special cable service concerning the proceedings of the brewery convention to-day at St. Louis. The committee on transatlantic management will be in continuous session at the Cannon street hotel until the convention has concluded its session, and will instruct and advise its representatives in St. Louis concerning its idea of ways and means for bringing about an amicable settlement of the boycott.

San Francisco, April 19.—Shortly after 9 o'clock this morning Mrs. Wooldridge, who conducts a lodging house on Fourth street, encountered a masked robber in her hallway, who at the point of a pistol forced her to give up her purse containing over $200 and several pieces of jewelry. The daring rascal then shut her up in a room and made his escape.

Humboldt county is celebrating to-day. Formal exercises took place in county building this afternoon and were followed by a reception.

Too Sensitive for This World.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 19.—Wm. von Eye, an electric motorman, committed suicide to-day by shooting. Two weeks ago von Eye's cat ran down and kiled Thos. Kinsley. Von Eye was charged with criminal carelessness, and the accusation drove him to suicide.

A Realistic Dream.

Wooster, Ohio, April 19.—Young Mrs. Samuel Buffing, of East Greenfield, dreamed that she was drowing cats in a well. She awoke with a start, to find that she had thrown her six months old baby upon the floor with such force as to crush its skull.

He Has Heart Disease.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—Two weeks ago Senator Stockbridge started for California in the hope of bettering his health. At Chicago he was taken from the train very ill, and was removed to the house of his brother-in-law, Mr. Houtaling, where a bad case of heart trouble has developed.

LOUIS AND MELITA.

Wedding of the Princess and the Grand Duke.

IN THE DUCAL CHAPEL AT COBURG

The Town Packed With Visitors From Far and Near—The Guests Include Europe's Most Distinguished Personages—Marriage Solemnized at High Noon by Superintendent Mueller.

Coburg, April 19.—Grand Duke Ernest Louis of Hess, married to-day his cousin, Princess Victoria Melita of Saxe-Coburg, grand-daughter of Queen Victoria. The town was packed with visitors from all over the country. The marriage was solemnized in the chapel of the ducal palace at 12:30. Among those present were Queen Victoria, Emperor William, ex-Empress Frederick, the Prince of Wales, the Czarowitz, the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg. Dr. Mueller, the superintendent general and supreme councillor, officiated.

A Newfoundland Contempt Case.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 18.—Parsons, editor, and Perfor, proprietor, of the Evening Telegram, were fined $112 each by the supreme court for contempt in publishing articles attributing partisan feeling to Justice Winter in unseating and disqualifying Messrs. Woods and Moore as members of the Newfoundland legislature.

The Spanish Pilgrims.

Rome, April 19.—Representatives of the Spanish pilgrims were received today at the Basilica by the holy father. It had originally been intended to give audience to the entire delegation, but as these number fifteen thousand it was deemed necessary to admit only representatives to audience. To-morrow the Pope will give a general reception at which as many of the pilgrims as can pass through in four hours will be enabled to salute the venerable pontiff and kiss the hem of his garment.

The Devil on Trial.

San Francisco, April 18.—The trial of the devil has been in progress for several days at the barracks of the Salvation Army on Eighth street, and was last night concluded. A verdict of guilty was returned by the red-shirted jury in a few minutes. Judge Bone of Berkeley presided at the trial of the case and delivered a very lengthy charge to the jury. Counsel for "Old Nick" immediately moved for a new trial when the verdict was rendered and Judge Bone granted the motion. The new trial of the case will be held in San Francisco at the barracks, 210 Grant avenue, on Friday and Saturday evenings of next week. The title of the case will be changed only as to plaintiff. It will read "The People of San Francisco v. the Devil."

Fifty Dollars for a Kiss.

San Francisco, April 18.—James Pastauriski, a soldier, was fined $50 yesterday by Judge Campbell for kissing a Chinese girl against her will. He met the maiden on Dupont street, and hugged her in spite of her struggles and protestations.

Dispensary Law Unconstitutional.

Columbia, S. C., April 19.—The dispensary law has just been declared unconstitutional. Two supreme court judges concurred in and one dissented from the opinion.

American Legislative Business.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—A bill was passed to-day authorizing the city of Pittsburg to build a free bridge over the Monongabela river within the city limits. A resolution was agreed to calling on the secretary of the interior for information respecting the issue in 1862 and 1864 of the first mortgage bonds in aid of the building of a railroad to the Pacific coast. At 12:15 the house went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular bill.

The conference report on the further urgent deficiency bill was agreed to today by the senate. The resolution offered on Saturday by Mr. Peffer for the appointment of a committee of senators to receive all written or printed communications from citizens or bodies of citizens visiting the capital, and to hear them orally, was again taken up, but went over without action. At one o'clock, after a somewhat sharp personal tilt between Senators Hoar and Harris, the tariff bill was resumed and Mr. Perkins (Rep. Cal.) spoke against the pending bill.

Ottawa News.

In the house of commons yesterday Mr. McDougall called attention to the Russian seizures of Canadian sealing vessels in June, 1892. Sir C. H. Tupper said the damages due to Canadian vessels would be fixed as soon as the means of assessing the damages were provided. Hon. Mr. Laurier moved for copies of the memorials and petitions of seal fishermen in British Columbia for compensation by the Imperial government or the Canadian government for losses arising out of the award of the Paris tribunal. Sir C. H. Tupper said no memorials had been received. He had seen in the public press that the British Columbia sealers intended holding a meeting to protest against the conditions of the award, but he did not believe that such a meeting had been held. As a matter of fact the largest sealing fleet known to the Pacific coast had gone to sea this season. The fleet was the same as last year, and this was the largest in the history of Canadian seal fishing. The motion was withdrawn.

The Sheriff's Fees Abolished.

Albany, N. Y., April 19.—The assembly passed Assemblyman Sheffield's bill which abolishes all fees of the New York county sheriff and increases his salary from $12,000 to $20,000. The vote was yeas 78, nays 44.

THE LAST OF MELLO.

The Celebrated Brazilian Rebel Admiral Surrenders.

London, April 18.—The Times publishes a dispatch from Montevideo confirming the advices received regarding the surrender of the rebel Brazilian fleet, which arrived off Buenos Ayres Monday night. The Times correspondent says Mello and 1200 men gave themselves up to the Argentine government.

Buenos Ayres, April 18.—The remains of the Brazilian rebel fleet, commanded by Admiral Mello, which arrived at this port, were the subject of extensive exchanges of telegraphic messages between the authorities of this place and the Brazilian government, through the Brazilian minister here. The rebel ships are the Republica, Meleroe, Iris, Urano and Esperanza. They are in a dilapidated condition and the rebels on board are suffering from sickness, wounds and lack of proper food. Advices from Rio de Janeiro say general amnesty will be granted the insurgent rank and file and the Brazilian government will pay the quarantine expenses of the ships if they are surrendered to the Brazilian minister. The Argentine government, with the consent of the rebel leaders, is now superintending the delivery of the five war vessels to the Brazilian minister.

President Peixoto's government notified the Uruguayan government that all, with the exception of the leaders, may return to Brazil with no fear of being severely punished. Nothing seems known of the ultimate destination of Admiral Mello and General Salgado, although it is believed the former will take the first opportunity of escaping to a foreign country where he can hide himself for the rest of his life. On all sides the utmost contempt is expressed for Admiral Mello, whose desertion of Admiral Da Gama is looked upon as a piece of cowardly treachery. It is openly stated that Da Gama proposes to seek out Admiral Mello and compel him to meet him in mortal combat. If the rebel admiral falls into the hands of Peixoto there is little doubt that he will be promptly tried by court martial and shot.

Montevideo, April 18.—An official dispatch to the Brazilian legation here has ben received saying that the rebel warship Aquidaban, formerly the flagship of Mello, has been sunk off Santa Catharina by the Brazilian torpedo boats.

New York, April 17.—A Herald Montevideo special says: The launch of the Portuguese consul here paid a visit to the Portuguese man-of-war Mindello at her anchorage and brought back a letter from Admiral Da Gama, who is detained aboard the Mindello. This letter was addressed to the Brazilian insurgent, General Martinez. It was sent to Buenos Ayres. There has been some suspicion aroused in that city by the dispatch of the Portuguese transport Pedro Tercero, that Gama's friends are laying another plot to rescue him from the Portuguese warship.

The Tramps Roughing It.

Omaha, April 18.—The Kelly army is still in camp six miles east of Council Bluffs, where it has been since Monday night. It will probably move this afternoon to a better camp a mile away. It is nearly out of food, but the Omaha citizens and labor organizations are getting up a dinner for it. The industrials were soaked in the rain last night. The owner of the Chatauqua Pavilion has, against the protest of the militia, given a permit to use it two days in case of rain. No train to carry the army is in sight and the Chicago roads and Iowa authorities are evidently bent on making the path of this army so rough as to deter any others from attempting to follow. The Kelly men stand their privations unexplainingly and make as light of them as possible. No orders have been given Kelly to move on. Upon the urgent requests of the citizens of Council Bluffs, Governor Jackson has ordered the militia which has been guarding Kelly's army withdrawn to Council Bluffs transfer depot, leaving the army six miles away. This action was taken with a view to preventing a threatened uprising of people that would drive away the militia and capture a train for the army. Seventy men from Reno, Nevada, who say they are going to join Kelly, with E. Gorman, a miner, in command, stopped at Grand Island to-day. He says 200 men are two days behind them on the same mission.

Hancock, Md., April 18.—There was a lively time after the Commonweal army had reached Hancock. It was said that Pizarro, Smith and Childs, formerly the advance agents of the army of the Commonweal, had reached Hancock together yesterday, and representing themselves as the authorized agents of Coxey, had raised a considerable sum of money and had left for Williamsport, the next town on the route. Brown and Coxey at once issued a manifesto addressed to Charles Hubert, sheriff, and the public, denouncing the Commonwealers as impostors, and asking their arrest should they be found. The Commonweal army following was not hospitably received in Hancock in spite of the large crowd that greeted it. The town council refused to make any provision for feeding the travellers, and the men had to take their supper on the boat, after which they spread through the town, filling the saloons and drinking freely.

There was a good deal of loud talking and political discussion on the street corners and in the saloons, but no open violence occurred. The people were somewhat startled at the advent of so many rough-looking characters in town, and although many people had driven over from Berkeley Springs to see the army, most of the citizens remained indoors, leaving the town practically in the hands of the Coxey army. There was a revelation in Hancock concerning Brown. A member of the town council recognized him as a Prof. Lorman, who had visited Hancock three years ago as a patent medicine fakir with a great Indian blood remedy. Brown declares that this is a case of mistaken identity.

The Sicilian Rioters.

Palermo, April 18.—The examination of witnesses in the trial of Deputy Guiseppe de Felice was begun yesterday. Several prefects of police have been called to the stand to prove the charge of conspiracy and sedition. All testified that the Fasci de la Viroteri, whose chief deputy de Felice was, has organized the turbulent elements of the Sicilian people for a revolutionary conspiracy. They said it had drawn money from France, England and other countries. The plot has been to overthrow the Sicilian authorities and deliver the whole island into the hands of the socialists. Numerous letters and papers and much printed matter were submitted to prove the seditious aims of Fasci and the chief. One prefect gave evidence concerning a compromising dispatch sent by Deputy Felice to an Italian abroad. "We are at the beginning of the end," was the sentence in the dispatch. The examination of witnesses is likely to last for weeks, as the government will call 120 persons and the defence 250.

Union Pacific Wages.

Seattle, April 18.—When Judge Caldwell delivered his famous decision in which he refused to allow the Union Pacific receivers to cut wages, the employes of that road did not feel any happier than did those of the Ranier avenue electric railway yesterday. Judge Langley decided that 20 cents an hour was only reasonable and fair compensation, and granted the petition of the employes compelling the receiver of the road to restore the rate of wages in existence prior to his assuming charge. The judge said he was disposed to think that the receiver's conduct in managing the road was commendable in reducing expenses and doing his best towards the welfare of the road. He thought it would have been better had the receiver conferred with the court before cutting down the wages of the men. There was not a witness who testified that twenty cents an hour was anything unreasonable. Business men argue that it is good policy to pay good wages. It was not proper that men working ten hours a day in the interests of the road should receive less than that. The road was a financial wreck. Men had lent it money. Their speculation had proved a failure. They took their chances and lost. That was no reason why the employes should bear the burden. The receiver was, of course, willing to restore the wages when the road commenced to earn more. But such a prospect was too remote. The judge commended the men for coming to court with their grievance instead of striking.

THE BELGIAN POISONER.

Extraordinary Career and Crimes of Madame Joniaux.

Antwerp, April 18.—As announced in the Times' despatches last evening, Theresa Joniaux, wife of M. Henry Joniaux, chief state engineer of roads and bridges in the province of Antwerp, was arrested to-day by the police on a charge of having poisoned several of her relatives to obtain the insurance on their lives. As Madame Joniaux occupied a prominent position in society in Antwerp, and in other social centres of the kingdom, her arrest has excited a profound sensation. Though there are many who believe her innocent of the crime charged, it is said the authorities are in possession of the most damaging evidence against her. Indeed, they claim they would have been justified in arresting her some time ago on the evidence in their possession; but have been so strongly disposed to give her the benefit of every doubt that they refrained from taking her into custody until the accumulation of evidence against her forbade them longer to permit her to enjoy her liberty. Madame Joniaux, who was born in 1842, is the daughter of the eminent Belgian general Ablay and niece of a former aide-de-camp on the staff of King Leopold. Though she was never wealthy in her own right, her high family connections and the great wealth of many of her relatives, assured her an enviable social position. Mlle. Ablay was married at 22 to Frederick Faber, the author of a book entitled "The French Theatre in Belgium," and other works. She lived with him until he died in 1884. In 1886 Madame Faber was married to M. Joniaux. Although M. Joniaux's income was confined to a salary of only 10,000 francs a year, and his wife was virtually without private means, they lived in great style and maintained a magnificent establishment in a large mansion in the Rue de Varenne, where they entertained lavishly the relatives for whose murder Mme. Joniaux has been taken into custody.

The first of Mme. Joniaux's alleged victims was her own sister, Mlle. Louise Ablay, who was unmarried and resided with the Joniauxs. When Mlle. Ablay died it was announced that the cause of her death was influenza. A short time subsequent to her burial it was learned that her life had been insured for ten thousand francs in favor of her niece, the daughter of Mme. Joniaux by her first husband, M. Faber, and it was further found that the premiums of the policies had been paid by the Joniauxs. The next victim was Mme. Joniaux's brother, M. Alfred Ablay, who was formerly a captain in the Belgian army but had been retired. Shortly after his retirement he emigrated to Buenos Ayres, where he led a dissolute life. After pursuing the career of a gambler in various parts of the Argentine Republic for some time, he obtained employment as a railway conductor, but was unable to hold his position on account of his habits, and in 1877 he returned to Antwerp. Subsequently he engaged in commercial pursuits in Paris and Algiers, but was able to do no better than make a bare living, and in February last he came to Antwerp to live with his sister. A few weeks after establishing himself with his sister he died, as given out, from heart disease. His life was insured for 100,000 francs for the benefit of his sister two days before his death, the premium, as in the case of Mlle. Ablay, being paid by the Joniauxs. The third victim was Jacques Vanden Kerchove, a wealthy uncle of Mme. Joniaux, who was extensively engaged in cotton manufacture in Ghent. M. Kerchove was a man of gigantic stature and robust health, paid a visit to his niece, at whose house he intended to remain a few weeks. While he was the guest of Mme. Joniaux he died, as it was said, from cerebral congestion. M. Kerchove's life was insured for a large sum in favor of Mme. Joniaux, the policies having been taken out only a few weeks before his death and a few days after his arrival at Mme. Joniaux's house.

The succession of sudden deaths at Mme. Joniaux's residence of persons whose lives were insured for her benefit, aroused the suspicion of the police, and investigations have developed overwhelming proof of her guilt. The bodies of Mlle. and ex-Captain Ablay and M. Kerchove have been exhumed and examined with the result of finding unmistakable traces of poison in each.

Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott Street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

The Coburg Celebration.

Coburg, April 18.—The city is a mass of decorations, the main thoroughfares being spanned by arches. At the first of the arches Queen Victoria was met by the mayor and council of Coburg, who presented Her Majesty with an address of welcome. At this arch the Queen also reviewed her German regiment, the Dragoon Guards, which Emperor William had sent to Coburg to protect Her Majesty during her stay there. Another grand military reception followed on the Schloss platz, in front of the ducal palace, where the Queen will stand on the day of the wedding. All the church bells throught he city were rung in honor of the Queen of England. At 8.25 last night the Prince of Wales arrived.

Emperor William reached here this evening. All the princes in the city went in full uniform to the station to meet him. After the customary embraces and kisses the emperor inspected the guards of honor. He rode in a carriage with the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha to the castle. Enormous crowds along the route cheered him, while the guns at the castle fired a salute. The weather is perfect. All the houses in the city are brilliantly illuminated and the public resorts are thronged.

Detroit's Warlike Polacks.

Detroit, April 18.—In a fight which occurred about noon to-day in Grosse Point township, just over the easterly county boundary line, between a force of Polish laborers seeking employment on the city water works extension, Sheriff Collins was probably fatally injured, two Polish rioters were shot dead and half a dozen more were seriously injured, at least three fatally. A police officer was badly hurt, and as the result the county jail is to-night filled with fifty of the rioters. The trouble really began yesterday, when Engineer Williams, of the water works, sought to introduce a system of paying the men by a cubic yard of excavation, instead of a daily wage rate. The Polish laborers rebelled at this, and as a result the water board decided to suspend operations. This morning Engineer Williams and a small force of men, accompanied by Sheriff Collins and five deputies, went to the scene of yesterday's disturbance to remove the city water works tools. There were 500 Polish laborers there, who made a demonstration of violence, with the result above stated.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER. Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 32 MILLION POUNDS

If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to MENIER, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

Land Cleared.

Quick, thorough and cheap, town lots or by acre; standing timber or stumps of any size. All parties having land to clear will find it to their interest to get an estimate upon it, to have the work done by the Grub and Stump Machine. Apply to JOHN A. COATES, 57 King's Road, Victoria.
mar15-deod&wlm

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched, and fenced Price $30 per acre, half cash, balance on time

Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
dm30 51 Faird street, Victoria

America Photographed

FROM ALASKA TO ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

YOU CAN SEE IT ALL FOR 10 CENTS A PORTFOLIO.

WILL YOU TAKE THE TRIP WITH THE TIMES?

Part Five Now Ready; It contains the following Views:

INDIAN RIVER, NEAR SITKA, ALASKA.
CATHEDRAL ROCK, YOSEMITE.
WASHINGTON MONUM'NT, WASHINGTON, D. C.
EAGLE RIVER GLACIER, ALASKA.
THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C.
CASTLE ROCK, COLUMBIA RIVER.
TREASURY BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.
MAMMOTH PAINT POTS, YELLOWSTONE PARK, WYOMING.
JUNEAU AND DOUGLAS ISLAND, ALASKA.
GRIZZLY GIANT, MARIPOSA BIG TREE.
A STREET IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.
STATE, WAR AND NAVY BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.
HARBOR AT FORT WRANGEL, ALASKA.
CAPITOL BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.
LONE STAR GEYSER, YELLOWSTONE PARK, WYOMING.
MINES, EAGLE RIVER VALLEY, COLORADO.

Argyle House

JUST RECEIVED

1 Case Lace Curtains

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 50c. a pair. New Patterns.

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 60c. a pair. Double border.

2 1-2 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, 75c. a pair. Extra value.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1 a pair. A very pretty design.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1.25 a pair. A nice curtain for bedrooms.

3 yds. long, Taped and Scollaped, $1.50 a pair. A good Curtain for sitting rooms.

Double Width Curtain Net, for long Curtains, 6 yds. for $1.

Curtain Net, for short Blinds, 10c. a yard.

ART MUSLINS in all widths and prices.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

First Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
mr31-tf

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

SING KEE,

24 Herald Street. Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken m1-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
133 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s12-tf

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap15-td

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fleurefelt, Gorge Road

MR. MARTIN'S CRITICISMS.

The Tariff as it Effects the People of Manitoba and the Northwest.

Prairie Farmers Not Relieved of Their Burden—Taxes on Necessaries.

The tariff speech of Mr. Martin, the new member for Winnipeg, is thus reported in the Globe:

Hon. Joseph Martin, in opening his speech, denied Sir James Grant's claim that the progress and prosperity of Winnipeg was due to the Dominion government. He had had a notion, he said, that it was due to the citizens, to their efforts, enterprise and money. (Hear, hear.) Furthermore, he had no hesitation in laying down the proposition that whatever progress and prosperity there was in the Northwest and Manitoba had been in spite of gross misgovernment and reckless mistakes by the government. (Hear, hear.) Speaking of the Hudson Bay railway, to which the previous speaker had made a reference, he said he did not think it would be built until some reputable parties in whom capitalists would place confidence would take hold of it. The finance minister had said that the changes in the tariff had been made especially in the interests of the farmers. The central feature in them was the reduction in the duty on agricultural implements from 35 per cent. to 20 per cent. If hon. gentlemen opposite thought this would satisfy the people of Manitoba and the Northwest they were entirely mistaken. In the first place, 20 per cent. was 2 1-2 per cent. higher than the duty imposed by the Mackenzie tariff. But now, if even that duty were imposed and a Liberal government in power, he, as a representative of the Northwest, would be compelled to claim its further reduction. The serious situation in which the farmers who are largely dependent on wheat growing are placed by the competition which they must meet in Liverpool against Russian, Indian and Argentine Republic wheat gave the people of the Northwest the right to appeal to the government for special protection. Under existing conditions, therefore, he thought that 17 1-2 per cent. would be too high, whereas if even 20 per cent. be taken as the rate which farmers may fairly be taxed upon the articles which they must buy for the development of manufactures, the government's new tariff was condemned from their own standpoint. (Hear, hear.) He had no hesitation in saying that the condition of things in the country from which he comes was very serious. The progress of that country had been satisfactory, according to the tests laid down by the late Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper. There had been, and he was glad to say it, substantial progress. By the figures of the census he showed that whereas during the decade 1881-1891, when the Conservative government had control, the population of Manitoba had increased 145 per cent., in the decade 1871 to 1881, during the half of which period the Liberal party was in power, with their much abused policy, the increase was 247 per cent. In the Territories the increase of poulation during 1881-1891 was 165 per cent. as compared with a rate of increase in Manitoba during the period of the Liberal regime of 247 per cent. He contended that the figures which the Conservatives quote to show the prosperity of Canada were erroneous. As against their statements, he would quote an organization which could not be said to be favorable to either of the old parties. He read a resolution passed by the Patrons of Industry in Manitoba, which was the most serious arraignment of the government's policy which he had seen anywhere. It was: "That in view of the ruinous tariff, and in view of the excessive freight rates imposed on the Northwest farmer, the Patrons will ask the Ottawa government to abandon all immigration schemes, as the order does not believe the Northwest, under the present circumstances, offers any inducement to settlers." He did not think the changes proposed in that ruinous tariff were likely to satisfy the people of that country. On this point he read from an opinion expressed by his predecessor, Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, in which that warm partizan of the Conservative party said the changes were not as great as he had expected. The effect of the tariff upon Manitoba had also been brought to the notice of the government through Ministers Angers and Foster, by the board of trade at Winnipeg, a non-partizan and largely Conservative body. In connection with this he said that, although the government had declared the representations made to the ministers during their tariff inquiry were kept secret at the request of those who made them, the Winnipeg board of trade had no desire for secrecy, and made their memorial public when the ministers, having returned to Ottawa, said that the grievances presented to them in Manitoba and the Northwest were trifling. The memorial dealt with the effect of the tariff upon the west in a fair manner, without respect to party politics. Mr. Martin quoted the protest against the continuation of the high protective system, which has borne so heavily and disastrously upon Manitoba and the Northwest and retarded to so great a degree the settlement of that country. He pointed out that the memorial of the board of trade declared for a revenue tariff. He said that it was a great mistake to suppose that the agitation in regard to the tariff had been confined to a few commodities, such as binder twine, agricultural implements and barbed wire. The demand for relief applied to all those articles which the farmer required for the prosecution of his calling. The average rate of duty under the new tariff was 28 4-9 per cent., but the duty on all the articles which the farmer required exceeded that figure. While the people of the Northwest regarded with a great deal of satisfaction the proposition of the government to take the 20 per cent. duty off lumber, the change would be of no value whatever if the reduction was not made applicable to dressed as well as rough lumber. It looked as if the government were trying to delude the people of the Northwest into the belief that they were getting free lumber, when in fact they were not. The duty of 60 per cent. on wire nails, 71 1-4 per cent. on cut nails, 32 1-2 per cent. on builders' hardware, 46 per cent. on iron and steel, 35 per cent. on barbed wire, 35 per cent. on mechanics' tools, 35 per cent. on chopping axes, 35 per cent. on shovels and spades and 35 per cent. on harvesting tools, was excessive in a 28 4-9 per cent. tariff. Referring to the duty of 12 1-2 per cent. on binder twine, Mr. Martin said it was also too large, notwithstanding the explanation of Mr. Foster that the Dominion government and the government of Ontario having gone into the manufacture of this article, the necessity for a reduction was removed. The government had no right to claim protection for an industry in which it was itself engaged. Those articles on which only a nominal duty had been imposed were for the most part raw materials for the manufacturers. He did not find fault with the government for placing raw materials of manufacturers at a low rate, but he did complain that in this respect the farmers had been entirely overlooked by the government. There were 205 articles on the free list; there were only 19 in which the farmer had any interest, and in some cases a merely trifling interest. The reductions which the government had made in agricultural duties were not as important as they would have the people believe, because many articles which were included in the term were still kept at a very high rate of duty. The cut applied only to harrows, harvesters, mowing machines, ploughs and seed drills, while such implements as portable steam engines, threshers, separators, fanning mills, horse powers, and a large class of articles, were subjected to large duties. The imposition of a duty upon iron by the government in 1877 was a great mistake as far as Manitoba and the Northwest Territories were concerned. It was the duty of the government when granting protection to the iron manufacturers to consider the farmer who was obliged to use the iron. Unless the agricultural implement manufacturers could get cheap iron they could not be in a position to furnish the articles to the users of their product at a fair price. Mr. Martin expressed his disappointment that Mr. Foster had not seen fit to meet Americans in the reciprocal offer they hold out to Canada in the matter of agricultural implements. He declared that the people of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories would find it hard to be satisfied with the stand taken by the government on this question. Mr. Martin, continuing after recess, said he thought some explanation was called for as to why the minister of finance found it decirable to reduce the excise duty on malt by 1-2c a pound, particularly in view of the excuse which the minister gave for not giving a measure of prohibition—that the revenue would be reduced. He criticized the new bonus on puddled bar iron, and pointed out that, despite this bonus, and the bonus of the fishermen, no encouragement of the same class was held out to the farming class. On the contrary, exactions and burdens were laid upon them to hamper their operations, and he was glad he could agree with the offer of reciprocity which the minister of finance had held out to the United States for the exchange of barley and corn. If reciprocity could be brought about, the people of the Northwest would be glad and willing to give the government credit for their efforts in that behalf. There was a large number of articles as truly the raw materials of the farmers as agricultural implements. The first he would mention was coal oil. Last year the value of the coal oil entered at Winnipeg was $20,263, while the duty on it was $28,600 which was 120 per cent. of a duty. He was sorry, therefore, that the farmers had not influence enough to get a reduction on that article; particularly when it was seen that the users of gas oil had been strong enough to obtain a reduction of one-half of the duty on that important product of the oil industry. He congratulated the hon. member for Centre Toronto (Mr. Cockburn) for his success. It was unfortunate that the members who represent farming constituencies had not been so faithful to their constituents as the members for Centre Toronto. He objected to the new duty on books, on the ground that the cheaper books—the reprints of standard authors, which are largely distributed amongst the poor people—would have to bear a heavier rate of duty; and he objected to the retention of a duty of 6c a pound on baking powder. The entries of that article last year amounted to $17,087, and the duty of $3,744. The other articles had not been reduced, or had been increased. Bituminous coal was an article of great importance. The entries at Winnipeg last year amounted to $59,838, and the duty to $9357. The articles of currants, prunes, plums and raisins were of almost equal importance with bituminous coal, the duty paid on them last year at Winnipeg being $9,000. Proceeding, he mentioned the following articles: Curtains, gloves and mits, window glass, firearms, hats and caps, bicycles, envelopes and blank books, wrapping paper, binder twine, umbrellas, parasols, and manufactures of wood. Then he gave some of the articles of prime necessity upon which the duties had been increased. First were wool fabrics, upon which increases of from 2 1-2 per cent. to 5 per cent. had been made; woollen shawls had been increased from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent.; velveteens had also been increased. The total of duties paid on these articles last year at Winnipeg was $23,433, far more than duties paid on agricultural implements. Another article was carpets, increased from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent.; flour, with 75 cents a barrel, was not reduced, and the duty paid on it last year amounted to $2,653. He wanted to know of the member from Regina (Mr. Davin) if this was the kind of tariff reform that he had been talking about up in his constituency, where the people were all farmers, or those who were not were government employees. (Laughter.) Continuing, he went over a number of other articles, the total duty upon which at Winnipeg amounted to $200,314, upon which the duties had been increased or left as they were; wheras, the only relief had been a reduction upon articles which had paid $30,000 duties. If there was an article, upon which, the government really desired to offer any relief, they would made reductions, it was that of clothing, both cotton and woollen. Yet upon these items there had been additions or no changes made at all. In all the items which were of the nature of raw materials to the farmers and importance to the settlers there had in many cases been increases; in others there had been no change, or the few changes had been very slight. The amount of relief had been inconsiderable, and, considering the disturbance among the manufacturers which had been caused, and the immaterial relief afforded, it would have been better for the government to have left the tariff alone. If the Liberal party came into office they intended to eliminate the protective principle, and to impose duties only for the purpose of raising a revenue. He felt sure that the slightest success which the people had had in obtaining the carrying out of their demands would only encourage them to give the work of a thorough revision into the hands of the Liberal party. (Applause.)

How Scott Became a Jacobite.

My great grandfather was "out," as the phrase goes, in Dundee's wars in 1715, and had nearly the honor to be hanged for his pains, had it not been for the interest of Duchess Anna of Buccleuch and Monmouth, to whom I have attempted longo intervallo to pay a debt of gratitude. But besides this, my father, although a Borderer, transacted business for many Highland lairds, and particularly for one man called Stuart of Invernahyle, who had been out in 1715 and '45, and whose tales were the absolute delight of my childhood. I believe there never was a man who united the ardor of a soldier and a tale-teller—a man of "talg," as they call it in Gaelic—in such an excellent degree, and he was as fond of telling as I was of hearing. I became a valiant Jacobite at the age of ten years, and ever since reason and reading came to my assistance I have never quite got rid of the impression which the gallantry of Prince Charles made on my imagination.

Mr. Coffey and His Grounds.

Perhaps the best specimen of wit that has ever enlivened a Hamilton county court in many days, was that emitted like a flash from John Coffey, the attorney who has been guilty of a good many things that has disturbed the serenity of bench and bar. Mr. Coffey was counsel in a case which had already been postponed some two or three times at his request. It was before Judge Outcult. Again Mr. Coffey asked for postponement. The court reminded him that it had already been postponed several times at his request.

"Have you good grounds for wishing another postponement?" asked the court.

"Yes, sir, I have," replied Coffey.

"What are they?" asked the court.

"Coffey grounds, your honor."

"Coffey grounds?" repeated the judge.

"Yes, sir," said John.

Then the judge got on his dignity, and reminded the lawyer that he was trifling with the court.

"Your honor," said Mr. Coffey, "there was a small addition in my family last night, and I submit, your honor, that this is good grounds for asking for a postponement."

Did John get it? Well, rather.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Waylaid by Waterspouts.

Three giant waterspouts waylaid the Castilian Prince last Friday in the ocean highway off Cape Hatteras. One of these marine Philistines came so near that David Coull, commander of the steamer, was moved to slay him. Before the captain could put together the old musket, which was the only firearm on board the Castilian Prince, one of the spouts had disappeared and the other two were racing toward the southward. The Castilian Prince arrived here yesterday from Havana, says the New York Herald. The sky was cloudy and there were signs of a storm in the air when she was within thirty miles of Cape Hatteras on the afternoon of March 9th. The wind was from the southeast, when it suddenly veered to all the points on the compass and wound up by sending a chill blast from the northeast. The captain was standing on the bridge at fifteen minutes past 3 o'clock, when he saw a faint white streak two miles to the westward. It hung from a clustering mass of dark clouds to the sea in an unwavering line.

Like a shaft of light it seemed to cleave its way through the storm-laden air. It stood for a moment etched against the ground of the sombre sky and then moved toward the south. It gathered volume as it advanced.

Up among the clouds the top of the column swelled out until it was nearly a third of a mile in diameter. It became a whirling cone, tapering abruptly to a point within ten or fifteen feet of the level of the sea.

Around the base the waters seethed as though they were bubbling from a submarine caldron. They were beaten into foam until they were as white as the flying column above them. Then cone and pedestal moved to the westward and were swallowed up in mist and cloud. They disappeared as though they had vanished in thin air. Hardly had the captain and crew taken the last view of it when another waterspout rose up on the port bow and sped toward the south. This had hardly shaped itself when a third spout rose over the eastern brim.

These last comers moved in sinuous lines. They were like gigantic serpents as they curled and bent in sweeping curves. The second waterspout was three quarters of a mile away. It drew its wavery length through the air and advanced toward the steamer.

It went within 300 or 400 yards and then passed astern. A squall was howling about the steamer and vivid flashes of lightning leaped from cloud to cloud, and showed the white monster lashing and raging within a few cable lengths of the steamer.

It moved slowly and the steamer was proceeding fast enough to get well out of the way in case the mass of water should burst.

There was a rusty old musket on board and the mate thought of getting it ready to take a shot at the waterspout. It was rusty and had not been oiled for many months. It was not a very effective instrument against a giant waterspout. A shot from the gun, however, might have produced a sufficient concussion of the air to have burst the column.

The third waterspout was bowling along to the southward. The two shafts of water took up their way and went along in paths half a mile apart. When last seen they were moving toward the West Indies. Captain Coull and his crew watched them until they disappeared two hours later beneath the edge of the sea.

Captain Coull has been a commander in nearly every ocean. He has seen waterspouts from the Bay of Biscay to the Indian ocean. Never before has he seen such waterspouts as he beheld off Hatteras. Those he has observed before were dark and black, while those he saw last Thursday were white from head to foot.

After the passing of the waterspouts the storm quieted and an hour or so later the clouds cleared away and there was pleasant weather for the Castilian Prince until she reached port.

Increase the appetite by using Ayer's Carthartic Pills. They cause the stomach, liver, and bowels to perform their functions properly, do not debilitate, by excessive stimulation, and are not irrating in their action. As an after-dinner pill they are unequaled.

THE ENGLISH CHANNEL.

Rival Schemes for a Tunnel Between England and France.

The London Engineering Review says: "The advocates of a system of communication between England and France which shall obviate the necessity of making use of the 'silver streak' do not appear to be at all abashed or dismayed at the repeated rebuffs that they have received at the hands of the military authorities, of the House of Commons, or of the country at large. It is proposed to proceed, during the current session, with one, if not two, bills for this purpose, and we are very likely to have the matter pressed upon the attention of Parliament until a definite consent has been accorded to one or other of the three systems proposed.

"The claimants for public and parliamentary approval for this purpose are three in number, and each of them appears to be equally determined to hold the field. The oldest and probably, on the whole, the most fiercely contested scheme is that which is known as the channel tunnel scheme proper, and which owns the paternity of Sir Edward Watkin. This scheme has been so often and fully described that we need not here call attention to it further than to remark that it consists of two borings 18 feet in clear diameter, placed 10 feet apart, and connected by cross galleries at every quarter of a mile. Mr. Francis Brady, the engineer of the Channel Tunnel company, has estimated the cost of these tunnels at £2,500,000 each, or £5,000,000 in all. With the structural works that would be required at each end, however, and the risks and contingencies to which all undertakings of this character are liable, it is probable that the ultimate cost would very largely exceed this amount. This scheme formed the subject some years ago of a very elaborate parliamentary inquiry. It has not been disputed that the project is an easily feasible one, but for strategic and other reasons it was deemed to be inexpedient.

"The second scheme is in the order of origin, but unquestionably the first in respect to its magnitude and boldness, is the project brought forward by MM. Schneider and Hersent—the former the head of the well-known Creusot Works, in France, and the latter a prominent French engineer—for the construction of a bridge across the channel. The outlines of this scheme have been very carefully elaborated, down to the minutest detail, and its promoters have spared no trouble to prove, not only its entire practicability, but its advantages over either of the other two rival schemes proposed. The bridge is to be carried on seventy-two piers, and to have seventy-three spans, alternating 400 and 500 meters. Some of these piers would have to be sunk in about 28 fathoms of water, and the girders would be at least 54 meters above high water mark. The design includes four railway lines, besides a road for carriages and footpaths; while places of refuge, watch-towers and alarm bells would be placed on each tower, with a powerful light. It has been proposed to construct the foundations by means of compressed air diving-bells. The estimated cost of this structure is about £34,000,000; the weight of the metal required is estimated at over 1,000,000 tons, and the time taken in construction is calculated at about six years. The scheme has been approved by the International technical committee, and a syndicate or company has been formed for the purpose of obtaining concessions from the British and French governments and carrying out the undertaking, which, however, it is proposed to do entirely by private capital.

"The third scheme is more nearly allied to Sir Edward Watkin's tunnel than to the French design of a bridge. Sir Edward Reed, M.P., who is the promoter of this project, proposes to lay down in the bottom of the channel two tubes, to be constructed of iron or of iron and cement concrete. In a recent communication to the French press Sir Edward Reed has urged the advantages which his project possesses over either the tunnel or the bridge, especially from a stategetic point of view.

"A fourth project has been mooted in France by M. Banan Varilla, who proposes to erect a pier or viaduct nearly a mile in length on each shore, which would be connected by a tunnel with continuous rails, the distance from each viaduct to the mouth of the tunel to be only 80 or 100 yards. The adoption of this route would, according to its promoters, dispense with international difficulties, and there would be no objection to navigation, seeing that the pillars of the piers would be 500 yards apart, with a height of 50 yards.

"So far as the matter now stands, it is pretty much a question of what Parliament is prepared to sanction. It will be remembered that in 1888 the tunnel bill was lost by 307 to 165, the majority against it being 142. In the session of 1890 the bill was again introduced, and on a division it was defeated by a majority of 81, but in the meantime its promoters had found a powerful ally in Mr. Gladstone, who supported the second reading of the bill. Now that Mr. Gladstone has practically withdrawn from parliamentary life, the prospects of the tunnel bill, being passed can hardly be said to have improved. Meantime the channel tunnel works had been carried to a considerable extent. In 1890 Major Marindin inspected the tunnel for the Board of Trade, and found that it had been carried for a length of 2,200 yards, and was quite dry.

"From an engineering point of view, whatever scheme might be adopted would of course be unique of its kind. We have as yet no experience of a tunnel or bridge, or a tube carried under or above the open sea for such a length, or anything approaching thereto. This, however, does not involve any doubt as to its engineering practicability, for on that point no serious objections have been submitted. The cost of the bridge would be about twice as much as either of the other schemes, but if it were otherwise preferable this might be overcome, as there is said to be a large and influential party in France favorable to this proposal, which would, moreover, as Sir James Kitson has pointed out, be an excellent thing for the iron and steel industries in supplying them with orders of very unusual magnitude."

The Moulting Season.

The strain of the year's wear, with exposure to wet, sun and wind, upon the innumerable fibres and hooklets brings the feather into a somewhat dilapidated condition. It then, by natural process, falls from its attachment, and a new and perfect one grows in its place. Although the feathers develop rapidly, there must naturally be an interval between the loss of the old one and the time the new one is sufficiently perfected to be of use, and it may consequently be thought that the bird's power of flight would be impaired or destroyed during the time of the moult. To a certain extent this is the case, but the injurious consequences are greatly mitigated by several compensating circumstances. In the first place, the moult of the wing feathers always occurs in the autumn, after the exertion of activity called forth by the domestic duties of spring and summer—the courtship, nest-building and feeding of the young brood—are over, and existence has become comparatively quiet and monotonous. Then, again, by the most admirable physiological arrangement, instead of all the feathers moulting simultaneously or even irregularly, the change takes place according to a regular plan, and symmetrically in the two wings, the feathers on the two sides falling out in pairs. In this way the wings of opposite sides are always in the same condition, and the inconvenience is minimized to the greatest possible extent.—Good Words.

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SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection.
JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
feb13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 185, G.R.X. Regular convocations held on the 3rd Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.
1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight is cordially invited to attend.
E. PRIOR, K. of R. & S.
oct9

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I claim your patronage, ladies and gentlemen, for the reason that it shall be my earnest endeavor to conduct this establishment on strictly first class principles. Treating the same will meet with your approval and support. I have the honor to be, ladies and gentlemen, your obedient servant,
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FOR SALE—Fresh milch cows quiet and gentle. Apply to James W. Meldrum, Douglas street. a14-2w

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ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior Street, James Bay. feb9

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BOARD AND LODGING.

TO LET For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ap16-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

A NECKTIE SOCIAL will be held at Fairall's Hall, Victoria West, on Monday, 23rd inst. Admission, lady and gent, 75 cents. Supper. Grand march at 9 o'clock. a18-2

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap6-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

Having imported direct from Scotland the Latest Improved Sanitary Air Sewer Traps, Gully Traps, S Traps, and a great variety of Bends, Sewer Pipes, three feet lengths, I am prepared to quote the lowest prices.
J. W. KELLER.
mar26-tf Cor. Yates and Quadra Sts.

Medical Examination.

The next medical examination of the B. C. Medical Council will be held in the City of Victoria on Tuesday, the 1st day of May, next, at 9 o'clock a.m.
Further information can be had by applying to the Registrar.
G. L. MILNE,
a17-2w Registrar and Secretary.

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Queen's Birthday.

Persons desirous of participating in Celebrating Her Majesty's Birthday are requested to meet at the Council Chambers, City Hall, on Thursday Evening at 8 o'clock.
JOHN TEAGUE,
ap18-2t Mayor.

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
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Thursday, April 19th,
At 7 p. m., from Spratt's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
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Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

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The Daily Times.

MR. MARTIN ON THE TARIFF.

Mr. Martin, the new member for Winnipeg, made a forcible and noteworthy speech on the tariff, a report of which we reproduce to-day. He showed very clearly that the changes made are not likely to be accepted by the people of Manitoba and the Northwest as all that should have been offered in the way of tariff reform. Mr. Martin's election was intended by the people of Winnipeg as a protest against the high protection policy, and in all probability the protest will be repeated when the opportunity comes, since it was ineffectual in the first instance. It is also very probable that in the next house Mr. Martin will be far from standing up alone to represent the true feeling of the western country in regard to the proper fiscal policy to be followed. We are not confined to his speech for evidence in that direction, for his statements have full confirmation in those offered by non-partizan merchants and farmers. The government has had its day of grace and has let its opportunity slip by; now it may expect nothing better than punishment for its blind adherence to a system that has become obnoxious to the majority. It may as well take Mr. Martin's adverse criticism as an indication of the verdict which all the west will pronounce upon its course when the day of election comes. Pity it is that British Columbia has no man of Mr. Martin's stamp to voice its true opinion in regard to the tariff evils from which it suffers even more than other parts of the country, instead of a number of "cuckoos" who deem their whole duty done when they applaud the government's course, no matter how it may be laid.

THE NAKUSP AFFAIR.

If strenuous exertions and loud talking on the part of the government organs could suffice, the government would surely come forth out of the Nakusp cloud with honor and profit combined. There is unfortunately a danger that the public will not accept the organs' defensive efforts at the value the organs themselves place upon them. Even from the effusive eagerness of the defenders suspicion rather than reassurance may come. It is rather strange, for instance, to find the World asserting loudly that the amendment was "an attempt on the part of Mr. Beaven and others to drag in extraneous matter," and "an effort to becloud the issue." The Colonist put the same thought in other words when it declared that Mr. Beaven's amendment "was evidently drawn up to balk inquiry into the only important issue before the people." The idea that an amendment seeking to enlarge the scope of the investigation was designed to balk inquiry or drag in extraneous matter could have occurred only to organs desperately searching for a defense. A comparison of the resolution with the amendment is all that is necessary to show the folly of the organs' assertions. The resolution as finally offered by the premier read as follows:

"Therefore, be it resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying him to appoint a Royal Commission to enquire whether the Honorable the Premier, in advising the said guarantee, worked for the company and not for the province, and whether corrupt motives of any kind existed with or influenced His Honor's ministers in the advice tendered by them to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor in relation to the Nakusp and Slocan railway company. And whether any of His Honor's ministers have, or had, any interest, directly or indirectly, in the Nakusp and Slocan railway company, or in any of the contracts of the company, or in the construction company, either in furnishing material, supplies, or in any way whatsoever."

In the amendment offered by the opposition it was proposed that the inquiry be made in this way:

"Therefore, be it resolved, that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut. Governor, praying him to appoint a Royal Commission to inquire whether the Hon. the Premier did so act (that is, as stated in the preamble, "as if he were an agent of the company,") and whether in advising the said guarantees, the Premier worked more in the interest of the company than the province, and also to inquire into the circumstances connected with any guarantee given or promised on account of or in connection with the Nakusp and Slocan railway, and whether corrupt motives of any kind existed with or influenced any of His Honor's ministers in the advice tendered by them to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor in relation to the Nakusp and Slocan railway company, and whether the members of the executive exceeded the authority granted them by the Railway Aid act, 1893, and whether any of His Honor's ministers have or had any interest, direct or indirect, in the Nakusp and Slocan railway company, or in any of the contracts of the company, or in the construction company, either in material, supplies, or in any way whatsoever, and that the commission be also empowered to investigate, ascertain and report what persons have been or are either directly or indirectly interested in the land known as lot 210, group 1, Kootenay district, or who may have a promise of any interest from the person or persons to whom the grant is to be signed, or from any person or persons to whom they may have promised or agreed to transfer their right of any part or interest thereof or therein."

Even a glance will suffice to show that all the matters in the resolution are included in the amendment, in view of which fact it is somewhat absurd to assert that the amendment would either balk inquiry or becloud the issue. The plain truth is that the government did not care to have an investigation into all the circumstances connected with the Nakusp arrangement. Why the premier and his colleagues should be thus anxious to circumscribe the inquiry if everything was strictly correct and all the steps taken were solely in the public interest it is hard to understand. They would have come out of the affair all the better had the inquiry been widened as proposed and had it resulted in showing that all through they were looking to the public interest and not to their own or friends' interests. As the matter stands, they have left the conclusion to be drawn by the public that there was something which required to be covered up. If there was nothing of the kind they have themselves to blame for the inferences that will surely be drawn from their course of action.

A Ferry in the Air.

High up in the air over the Tennessee river, at Knoxville, is an aerial tramway for passenger-car service which is used in conveying people from the Knoxville side of the river to a pleasure resort back of the bluff on the other side. The car is hauled across the river suspended to wire ropes each 1 3-8 inches in diameter and swung at a height of 350 feet above the water, which is almost three times the height of the Brooklyn bridge at the middle of the span, and 72 feet higher than the top of the towers. The length of the span across the Tennessee river is 1000 feet.

At the starting point, which is but five minutes's ride from the heart of Knoxville, there is a power house where there are two twenty horse-power engines for operating the cable.

These cables, on the Knoxville side, according to the Scientific American, are anchored to 12x12 inch oak timbers, 14 feet long, placed behind plank bulkheads. The connecting bars are 12 feet long and 1 1-4 inches thick, and provision is made for taking up the slack by means of long threaded screws. The anchor at the high end, on the opposite side of the river, consists of iron plates fixed in the rock. The supporting cables each have a breaking strain of 60 tons. The cable conveying the motive power is a half inch in diameter and permanently fastened to the car.

The car, empty, weighs 1200 pounds. It has a 14-foot body and 3-foot platforms, and is six feet wide by 6 1-2 feet high. The seating capacity is 16 passengers. The car is provided with automatic brakes, which stop the car in case the propelling cable slips or breaks on the drum. The up-trip takes about 3 1-2 minutes. The descent is made in a half minute by gravity.

An accident occurred on this aerial ferry last month, by which one passenger was killed and two others slightly injured. The hauling cable broke just as the car reached the top of the incline and struck the car with such force as to damage it somewhat, the car then started rapidly down the grade until it was stopped by the automatic brakes.

When the car was brought to a standstill it was at a point about 200 feet above the water, and the eight passengers it contained were rescued by being let down by ropes into a boat on the river.

ALL SORTS.

Sir Harry Verney was personally acquainted with four reigning sovereigns of England—a distinction probably unique, for even Mr. Gladstone could hardly have known more than three. But Sir Harry knew George III, George IV, William IV and Queen Victoria.

The first time Mr. Gladstone held the office of premier was in 1868, when he succeeded Benjamin Disraeli on Dec. 9. His government lasted 5 years and 74 days. He again succeeded Disraeli on April 28, 1880, and this term of office lasted 5 years and 57 days. His successor was Salisbury, whom Mr. Gladstone followed on February 6th, 1886. This third term of office was only 178 days. Mr. Gladstone then remained in opposition for six years. He won on the general election of 1892, taking office on August 18th.

Society has a new diversion known as parlor football. It is played on a large table, the football being an egg shell from which the contents has been removed through a small hole in one end. The goals are at opposite ends of the table, and the egg is propelled by blowing instead of kicking. In a game of this kind the person who has previously eaten an onion invariably wins.

The president and fellows of Harvard University have sent the following order, passed on February 5, to the students in the college buildings: "No punches or distilled liquors shall be allowed in any college room on class day or commencement day. Every tenant of the college shall be held responsible for the observance of this rule in his own room and he shall no tallow the use of his room on those days by any class secretary or other person or persons without the previous written consent of the bursar."

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The bailiff has seized the furniture of the Windsor Business College for rent and the students are given a forced vacation. There are about fifty paid in advance.

Joseph Addison Gott, who was killed several years ago in Springfield, Manitoba, was thought to be an unmarried man, but investigations by the courts into his affairs prove that he was doubly married, one wife living in India and another in England. It was decided that the widow in England was entitled to his estate.

James A. Calder, of Moosejaw, has been appointed school inspector for the Northwest, to succeed Rev. Father Gillies.

A daily baggage car mail service has been inaugurated on the "Soo" branch of the Canadian Pacific railway from Regina to the boundary. This will greatly facilitate the transmission of mails from British Columbia.

The council of the Winnipeg board of trade object to some of the details of the insolvency bill, and will unite with the Toronto and Montreal boards in urging the Dominion government to make changes.

Fire in Huntsville destroyed the principal hotel of that place, a grist mill, the Episcopal church, telegraph, telephone and post offices, the steamer Excelsior and thirty-two business places. Assistance was sent from Gravenhurst and Bracebridge, but arrived too late to save anything. Many people are homeless.

The Central hotel and Wales block in Clinton were burned with some of their contents. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $5,000.

Fred Austin, a young Englishman, is missing from Niagara. He was last seen on Monday morning standing on the Milloy dock.

One hundred Ontario settlers left Toronto for Manitoba and the Northwest on Monday night.

John Doran, of Albion, was to have been married last week to Caroline Dashe forwarded a marriage notice to a vis, of Credit Forks. In anticipation Toronto paper. The wedding did not come off. The evening before the wedding Doran went to see the girl. While there another gentleman friend called and asked her to go for a drive. She consented and left Doran. She did not return till long after midnight. Doran made no comment. Early next morning he left for Montana. The girl is now disconsolate.

The Montreal fire badly damaged R. K. Latimer's carriage store and factory, the establishment of Brayley & Co., wholesale druggists, the Imperial Waterproof Company, B. Hugman & Sons, manufacturers of window shades, and Thomas Hacking. The total loss was $60,000. Messrs. Brayley suffered the heaviest, their loss being $25,000, of which $20,000 was insured. The other losers had no insurance.

Fabien Vanasse, ex-M. P. for Yamaska, has been appointed shipping master at Montreal.

The chief who is claimed to be the last of the pure-blooded Iroquois has breathed his last at the Indian village of Caughnawaga. The deceased's name was Teiratastroiake, which means Broken Knife. All the other Indians of the Caughnawagas have, it is claimed, either French or Scotch blood in their veins.

An interesting breach of promise case will be tried at the Toronto assizes, damages being fixed at $5,000. The defendant is Thomas Ware, a retired real estate man. Ware advertised for a wife in a daily paper and received fourteen replies. He selected Miss Bayley. They became engaged subsequent, but his affections cooled. Now she brings the action. His defence is that she is responsible for breaking off the engagement.

Some six years ago a resolution was passed by the Kingston public school board to the effect that the children of separate school supporters attending the public schools should be expelled, and that none be allowed to attend unless their parents are assessed as public school supporters. The other night the matter was re-considered, and after a lengthy discussion the former resolution was rescinded and it was decided to admit the children of separate school supporters to the public schools on payment in fees of the average cost per pupil in the public schools.

Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F., Montreal, has entered an action for some $1,500 against Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F. All the parties were members of defendant lodge, but on account of internal difficulties the plaintiffs, who were in the majority, sought to take charge of the lodge, but the defendants have the funds banked in their own name and refused to give them up. The plaintiffs thereupon seized and appealed to the government actuary in England, who decided their claim to the funds was a good one, hence the present action.

It has been decided to double the capacity of St. Michael's Roman Catholic hospital, Toronto, and $50,000 will be spent in enlarging the building. The hospital was opened a few years ago as an experiment, it being the only Roman Catholic hospital in Toronto.

Lost Charlie Ross.

Philadelphia, April 19.—The famous mystery of Charlie Ross' abduction was recalled sharply to the residents of Germantown to-day by the marriage of his brother Walter to Miss Julia Peabody Chandler. More than eight hundred persons were in the church to witness the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Winchester of Boston. Walter was playing close to the house with his brother Charlie on the fateful day in July, 1874, when the abductors drove up, enticed them into a carriage and drove off with them. Walter was permitted to return home, but Charlie was never seen again.

A "400" Wedding.

New York, April 19.—The four hundred turned out in full force at Grace church at high noon to-day to witness the nuptials of Miss Edith Kip, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Lawrence Kip, who is reputed to be the most beautiful unmarried girl in New York society, and Richard McCreery, of California, who has resided in London and Paris for many years. It was not only one of the most brilliant of Easter weddings, but occurred on the anniversary of a famous marriage, that, in the same church, of Miss Cornelia Martin to the Earl of Craven. The floral decorations were entirely white. The father of the bride is prominent in sporting and social circles, while her mother was a Lorillard, and consequently both elements were strongly represented. The bride was one of the two American bridesmaids at the marriage in Paris last year of Miss Flora Davis and Loyl Terence Blackwood. The groom is the son of Andrew McCreery, of California, who took up his permanent residence in London after accumulating a fortune in real estate on the Pacific coast. The bridesmaids were this season's belles.

Men's Kip Watertights $1.50
At Russell & McDonald's.

Hard to Hang Him.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 19.—James Newton Hill, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Rosa Rothcler in Allegheny Park last fall, was notified yesterday of the signing of his death warrant by Governor Pattison. On the night of the murder Hill was found lying beside the dead woman with his throat cut from ear to ear. Physicians thought he could not live. With the aid of a silver tube, however, which was placed permanently in his neck, Hill recovered. The position of the wound in Hill's neck is such that if a rope around his neck is drawn taut it will slip above the wound and he would continue to breathe through the opening below the rope. It would thus be impossible to cause his death by strangulation no matter how tight the rope might be drawn.

American.

Peoria, April 19.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the whiskey trust, better known as the Distilling and Cattle Feeding company, is in progress to-day. Among the subjects to be considered is the Takamine process and the question of reducing the board of directors from nine to seven. Ever since the company has been organized there have been nine directors, but last July W. H. Corning and W. E. French, both of Cleveland, Ohio, resigned as a consequence of their dissatisfaction with the administration of President Joseph Greenhut. Thus put on his nettle, the latter became a candidate for re-election, and despite the fact that a large number of proxies are held by New York brokers, it is probable that he will be re-elected. J. W. Frieburg, of Cincinnati, will also be re-elected a director. The quo warranto proceedings instituted by Attorney-General Moloney, and which so far have been upheld by the courts, are treated of at length in the annual report. New pleas against the demurrer of the attorney-general in these proceedings were filed in Judge Gibbons' court at Chicago to-day.

Men's Tweed Pants $2.00
At Russell & McDonald's.

THE MARKETS.

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

Asparagus, green peas and cauliflower have reached this market from California and are, of course, finding a ready sale. The asparagus is retailing at 10 cents per pound, the peas at ten cents, and the cauliflower at eight cents. Other vegetables and the early fruits and berries will soon make their appearance here as the season is an early one in California. Island rhubarb is more plentiful than it has been and is now quoted at eight cents per pound. Eggs are pretty badly demoralized. Some of the stores have marked them down to 15 cents a dozen and at Tacoma they are selling at 12 1-2 cents. Low water mark has been reached very likely.

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@30 00
Oats, per ton	32 50@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	5
Potatoes, per lb	1 1-4@1 1-2
Potatoes, seed	2
California sweet potatoes, per lb	3
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4
Eggs, per doz	15@20
Australian sugar, per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
California Creamery	60@75
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@9
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1 50@2 00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Smoked salmon (spring) per lb	15
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Salt), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked)	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per pound	5@8
Bananas, per doz	25
Oranges—California	
" Seedlings	25
" Navel	40@50
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@30
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15
Island rhubarb, per lb	8
Asparagus, per lb	10
Cauliflower, per lb	8
Green peas, per lb	10

Only a Step

from Weak Lungs to Consumption, from Depleted Blood to Anæmia, from Diseased Blood to Scrofula, from Loss of Flesh to Illness.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, prevents this step from being taken and restores Health. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Scott & Bowne, Druggists, All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Suits, $16; Pants, $4. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Some handsome dining room furniture, sideboards, tables, chairs, etc., at very moderate prices. We have only just received these goods. Weiler Bros.

—If you want a good meal for 25 cents go to the Globe restaurant, 42 Yates street, which is under entirely new management. Twenty meals, $4. Cuisine is excellent.

—"Slick" Morency has been returned to the reformatory by the Vancouver authorities. He was sentenced to two years for burglary on January 9, but escaped before the end of the month.

—Edward Bragg, successful tenderer on the morgue, and George Glover who was awarded the work of making the proposed alterations at the city hall, signed their contracts yesterday. Work will begin almost immediately.

—Newburn's Mount Tolmie and Oakland stage is to resume its trips. It will leave Mount Tolmie daily, except Sunday at 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., and J. H. Brownlee's office at 11 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. The stage will commence running on Monday.

—The public meeting at the city hall to-night to make preliminary arrangements for the Queen's birthday celebration should be well attended. A deal of good hard work must be done this year and there should be many volunteers to share in it.

—The directors of the Horticultural Society and Fruit Growers' association have arranged for a general meeting of the association at Mission on August 1. A paper on Prunes will be read by E. Hutcherson of Ladners, and R. M. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, will read a paper on pests.

—The Girls' Friendly Society of St. Barnabas church will give an entertainment in Philharmonic Hal on May 2. The programme is a varied one and includes a fancy scarf drill, club swinging, fencing, recitations, vocal and instrumental music, the whole to conclude with a farce. Considerable preparation has been made for the event, which is expected to be one of special interest.

—To-night at St. James' Hall the James Bay Lacrosse club will give a concert in aid of their uniform fund. The programme is as follows: Piano solo, Claude McMicking; song, Miss Hutcheson; song, Ed. Mallandaine; stump speech, Ben Temple; violin solo, Miss Annie Brown; song, A. Wills; piano solo, Miss Fanny Leech; banjo and guitar duet, Messrs. Colby and Lawrie; recitation, Miss Mary Collins; song, P. Gordon; piano solo, Miss Lizzie Ross; club swinging, Miss Maggie Murray; song, B. Temple.

—The association of No. 1 company, B. C. B. B. A. has elected the following officers: Hon. President, Major Irving; President, Lieut. Sargison; Vice-Presidents, Lieuts. Monro, Taylor and McConnan; Secretary-Treasurer, Corporal W. Muir; Members of the Council, Bombardier Richdale, Gunners Russell, Brammer and Aimut; Shooting Committee, Lieut. Taylor, Corp. Holmes, Bombardier Holmes, Gunners Brammer, Johnstone, Russell and Morkill; Sick Visiting Committee, Corporal Cave, Bombardier Holmes, Gunners Kennedy, Bailey and Shanks.

—It is doubtful if there is another actor in the country who could have held Monte Cristo so long before the people of this country as Mr. O'Neill, and won their affections in the part and left as everlasting an impression in the minds of the public. But it is a historical fact in the theatrical annals of America that this distinguished romantic actor has played the part of Edmond Dantes over three thousand times in the course of ten years without missing a single performance. This is a record only surpassed by Joseph Jefferson's 25 years connection with Rip Van Winkle. Mr. O'Neill's versatile talent found an excellent field in the complex character of Dumas' world creation, and whether as the dashing sailor lad, the emaciated convict, the impressive priest or the stately Count of Monte Cristo, his performance has always met with the approval that is only lavished on the real geniuses of the stage. He has surrounded himself with a company that has been pronounced by critics to be the best he ever had, and the scenery is said to be appropriate and handsome. It will be presented at the Victoria Theatre this evening.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The Ladies' True Blue lodge social in Sir William Wallace Hall last night was well attended. Bantley orchestra furnished the music.

—You should see our "carpet stock" (for the spring), the largest, best assorted and the very best value your money can buy. Weiler Bros.

—Mary Waller was taken from the Western Hotel to the Refuge Home yesterday afternoon. She has not sufficiently recovered yet to appear in court.

—The case against M. and L. Young of violation of the public health by-law, has been continued till Tuesday next, the defendants in the case being engaged on a jury.

—The three Japanese stowaways from the Mogul have been set to work scrubbing up the provincial police headquarters by way of earning some of the cost of keeping them.

—To-day is Primrose Day, and the faithful generally have the little flower displayed in a prominent place. There is a sale of primroses at Hibben's in aid of St. Paul's church, Esquimalt, and it is being freely patronized.

—There was nothing in the report of a shooting scrape at Parson's Bridge yesterday. There was a family quarrel and one of the participants got his hand jammed in a door. He came into the settlement with it bandaged and the report was immediately given out that there had been a shooting affray. It was brought to the city and a couple of provincial constables were sent out.

—A W. C. T. U. "At Home" was given at Mrs. David Spencer's home last night. Songs were sung by Mrs. McCready, Miss Humber and Miss Verne Scowcraft; instrumental music, Miss Le Page and Mr. Burnett; recitations, Miss McDermid and Miss Johnston. The ladies present gave their experience in the improvement of "talents" which proved a very interesting portion of the programme.

—It took just ten minutes yesterday afternoon when all the preparations were completed to haul the Robert Ker upon the marine railway at Esquimalt. There was some delay caused by the fact that the Ker is "hogged," her keel being 16 inches out of line, and the blocks had to be arranged to fit her. Once ready, the big hulk weighing 1300 tons was readily hauled out of the water. If there was any doubt as to the power and usefulness of the slip it was dispelled then.

—Revenue Tax Collector Carter charged Lee Foo in the police court this morning with using profane language. Mr. Carter called to collect revenue and road tax. Foo became indignant and refused to pay. Mr. Carter told the Celestial he would have to pay. The Celestial called the tax collector a Siwash, told him to go to a place hotter than Victoria and promised to cut his head off if ever they met in China. Twelve dollars or one month. He went to jail.

—The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society will produce the three act drama "Comrades" in Victoria West Hall to-morrow evening and at a matinee on Saturday afternoon with the following cast: Royal Manning, T. F. Gold; Matt Winsor (a tramp), A. W. Semple; Marcus Graves, E. J. Etherton; Simon Stone (a Jack of all trades), A. E. Cave; May Manning (Roy's wife), Miss C. Ure; Bessie Bradley, Miss S. Green; Nancy Nipper, Miss M. Chapman. A short musical programme will precede the play.

—A pleasing ceremony occurred at the home of Captain J. H. Butler of Victoria Crescent, last evening, when Rev. S. Cleaver, B. A., united in marriage Thomas H. Horne and Miss Eliza S. Mugford. Miss Mugford was supported by her sister and Miss Jessie Noel, while Arthur Neaves filled the position of best man. After the ceremony a large number of friends assembled in the dining room around a well laden table. The happy couple will make their home at 17 Collinson street in this city. They received many handsome presents.

—At a special meeting of Pride of the Ridge lodge, No. 37, I. O. G. T., on Monday night, in the hall, Fernwood road, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Whereas, negotiations are in progress between the Dominion government and France for the admission of light wines into Canada for a long term of years at fixed rates of duty; and inasmuch as such treaty, if ratified, could not be abrogated till it expired by lapse of time, thus preventing the enactment of a prohibitory law until the treaty had so lapsed; therefore be it resolved, that this lodge enters its most solemn and earnest protest against such treaty being entered into by our Dominion government; and that a copy of this resolution, under the seal of this lodge, be sent to the daily press and to each of our members in the Dominion parliament. Mr. W. J. Lewis, Chief Templar; S. Blake, Secretary.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

For One Month Only
CABINET PHOTOS
$3 per Doz., Cash.
SKENE LOWE, 63 Gov't St

THE BOY JOHNSON

Is Committed for Trial Charged With Attempted Suicide.

William Johnson, the lad who attempted to commit suicide by hanging on Wednesday week last in the closet of the Market hall, was in the police court this morning. He sat in the chair near the prisoners' dock, and his mother, an aged widow, had a seat near the lawyers' table. She was sobbing bitterly when she entered the court room. Sergeant Walker gave evidence that he found the boy lying face downward over two scantlings, a rope tied twice round his neck; his face was black and his tongue protruded. A Mr. Mitchell cut the rope and witness took the boy down.

The rope was produced in court. It was short and well worn, and did not appear strong enough to bear the weight of the boy.

The mother fainted and Sergt. Walker left the witness box to get her a glass of water. When she had recovered Sergt. Walker went on with his evidence. Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Ure also gave evidence, bearing out the testimony of Sergt. Walker. Mr. Mitchell said he had first seen the boy and he had loosened the rope so that the boy would not strangle, and then ran for the police. In about three minutes Sergt. Walker arrived.

The court was then cleared and Mrs. Johnson gave her evidence. She said the boy had never acted out of the ordinary, and she could conceive no idea why he attempted his life. She saw him the morning of that day and he was in the best of spirits; he was very studious and was good to her, giving her all his wages.

The boy refused to give any cause for his action, and Magistrate Macrae committed him for trial.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The trial of Varrelman vs. Phoenix Brewing Co. was commenced this morning before Mr. Justice Crease and a special jury. The plaintiff claims $6,000 for breach of a contract dated 10th of February, 1892, to employ him as their brew master for a period of three years, at a salary of $250 a month. Hon. Theodore Davie, senior counsel for the plaintiff, in his opening address to the jury stated that the plaintiff had left his situation in New York to take a position with the defendant's company whose business on account of the excellent quality of their beer, made by the plaintiff, soon increased so that the Victoria Brewing Co. amalgamated with the defendants' company. After the amalgamation the defendants no longer had any use for Mr. Varrelman, and accordingly dismissed him on the 10th day of May, 1893.

The plaintiff testified to the facts set out and said he was told before he came here that the Phoenix was the only brewery in British Columbia; also that he had been kept here eleven months waiting the trial of this action.

The defendants allege that there never was any dismissal and have brought $1,000 into court in full satisfaction. E. V. Bodwell appears for defendants.

Mr. Justice Drake disposed of the following applications in the Supreme court chambers this morning:

Bank of Montreal vs. Bowker (two actions).—Luxton for defendant, applied for further time to put in statement of defense. Crease (Bodwell & Irving) contra. Order made extending the time four days.

The trial of Hindes vs. Sehl-Hastie-Erskine was continued this morning before Mr. Justice Walkem when evidence taken under commission at Hamilton, Ont., and San Francisco was put in on behalf of the plaintiff.

Savary Island Murder.

—Hugh Lynn was arraigned in the provincial police court this afternoon charged with the Savary Island murder. Justice of Peace Pierson presided and Superintendent of the Provincial Police Hussey conducted the prosecution. The prisoner was undefended. The charge was read to him.

Bert Tuft, a farmer of Shaw Island, Washington, gave evidence that Lynn came to him about February 4th or 5th, representing himself as a man named Newton. He said he was a trapper and hunter, and had recently came from the northern waters. He visited the cabin of witness on several occasions. On March 2nd he left a sack with witness and a double-barrel shotgun. He told witness he was going to Port Townsend to get some money, and that he would return in a week.

The sack and the gun were produced in court. The gun was old and rusty. The contents of the sacks were turned out. They were a package of powder, a flask of buckshot, a bag of sugar, a loaded revolver and a number of bullets and nails.

The case was in progress when the paper went to press.

The Popular Remedy.

Every cough and cold can be speedily and effectually cured if promptly treated by the use of Atwood's Cough Cure, which is steadily gaining the appreciation of the public.

By the timely and regular use of this valuable specific, the assailed functions of the throat and lungs are quickly restored to healthy vitality and the seeds of what might prove permanent and fatal, annihilated.

Testimonials to its healing powers are being received daily and will be gladly shown to anyone by the proprietors.

The cough remedy is sold by all druggists.

R. J. W. Atwood & Co., 68 Douglas street, Victoria, sole manufacturers.

Harrison Hot Springs.

The St. Alice Hotel will reopen for reception of guests after April 17th. First class white staff employed; hotel thoroughly overhauled and nA1 order.

Men's Blue Serge Coats $2.00
At Russell & McDonald's.

Marine.

The steamship Mogul sails for Japan and China on Wednesday next.

Pilotage arrangements for the steamer City of Seattle have been made. She will make the first trip either to-day or to-morrow.

The tug Lorne will to-day tow the ship McNear to sea from Departure Bay.

The ship Benmore will discharge some stores in Esquimalt and then come around to the harbor to unload her general freight.

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

A BY-LAW

For Granting Aid to the Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 13 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,905 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill on the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies, corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3dr to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the thirtieth day of May, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency thereshall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for that purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $220.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill on the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 18th day of April, A.D. 1894

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office.
Victoria, April 19th, 1894.

Great Slaughtering Bankrupt Stock Sale

The proprietor of THE STANLEY HOUSE has puschased through an agent here at a great discount FIVE CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS consigned to W. S. Hampson & Co., which will be opened Saturday, April 14th.

This lot consists of Dress Goods, Prints, Blouse Silks, Hosery, Military Braids, Trimmings, Embroideries, Muslins, Etc.

These Goods will be marked the same as the present stock in plain red figures, at fully 50 per cent. less than they are usually sold at.

THIS IS A SNAP.

New Goods at about half price. Every lady in Victoria should see them.

THE STANLEY HOUSE,
Douglas Srreet.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Manufacturers of Refined Sugars and Syrups of the Highest Quality. Guaranteed Absolutely Pure and Superior to any others in the Province.

PRICE LIST

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	5⅞c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5⅞c. "
	Granulated, " "	4⅝c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	3¾ to 4⅛c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ⅛c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2¾c. "
	5 " "	$2.00 each.
	1 " Tins,	$4.25 per case of 10
	½ " "	5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON.

America Photographed.

PART 5.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 5 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.

Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time.

Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

THE GREAT NORTHERN STRIKE

Employees of All Classes Quit Their Work Last Night.

St. Paul, Minn., April 18.—The crisis has come in the Great Northern strike and the company will from this play its hand with sternness. Judge Sanborn of the United States court of appeals, to-day granted an injunction against the strikers in both Minnesota and North Dakota, and cited them to appear in his court in St. Paul, April 27, to show cause why "each of them should not be enjoined and constrained from disabling or rendering in any wise unfit for convenient and immediate use any engines, cars or other property of the Great Northern Railway Company for use in interstate commerce, for carrying of mails or government supplies, and from interfering in any manner with the possession of any locomotive, cars or any other property of said Great Northern Railway Company."

United States Marshal Reed immediately swore in a large number of extra deputies and marshals and sent them to the points. It is stated at labor headquarters to-night that the side-tracking and uncoupling of trains will be discontinued until the strikers can take legal advice.

Vice-President Howard of the American Railway Union said this afternoon that the injunction would not affect the present situation and that the men would continue work in St. Paul and Minneapolis up to to-morrow. The developments out along the line to-day were in the direction of tieing up the road a little tighter. The shopmen, switchmen, trainmen and sectionmen at Barnesville left their places at midnight and to-day the short branch from Morris to Brown's Valley was tied up by the refusal of the men at Morris to move their trains. The attempt to embroil the Northern Pacific has failed. To-day the Northern Pacific yardmaster at Helena was instructed by the superintendent of the Rocky Mountain division not to handle Great Northern cars until further notice. Larimore, N. D., this afternoon took a decided stand in favor of the strikers and wired a petition to the postoffice department requesting an immediate adjustment of the mail irregularities. The petition says the men stand ready to take out the mail car, but the company refuses to send it out unless the regular train is taken. The Sanborne injunction was served on the strike leaders at Fargo and Grand Forks late this afternoon. From Devil's Lake the mails and passengers are being taken across the country by livery twenty miles to the Northern Pacific branch at Alfanewauken.

Grand Master Sargent and Grand Chief Arthur had a conference with President Hill and Manager Case to-day, and it developed that the firemen and engineers had no grievance against the company, and were ready to resume work as soon as their trains could be manned with competent men. At Yankton, S. D., the strike is now complete; not a wheel turned to-day, and all the trainmen and track laborers are idle.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 18.—The Great Northern employees here have decided to strike. At one o'clock this morning a messenger was sent to St. Paul to get permission to strike from President Debs and Vice-President Howard, of the American Railway Union, and they confidently expect to strike at three p.m.

MARK TWAIN'S FAILURE.

Causes Which Lead to the Firm's Sudden Collapse.

New York, April 18.—The assignment of Samuel L. Clemens, "Mark Twain," and his partner, Frederick J. Hall, who comprise the firm of Charles L. Webster & Co., book publishers, No. 6 Fifth avenue, was filed in the county clerk's office to-day. The assignment was without preference, and the deed was signed by Mr. Clemens in this city. The assignment caused great surprise, and it is stated to be on account of the failure of the firm to obtain money which they confidently expected to get to meet obligations just maturing. The business was started on May 1, 1884, by Charles L. Webster and his wife's uncle, Samuel L. Clemens.

The firm started to publish the works of Mark Twain, but afterwards added the works of other authors, being principally subscription books. Mr. Webster withdrew from the firm in 1888 and died in 1893. Frederick J. Hill succeeded Mr. Webster in the firm upon the latter's withdrawal, and has since continued as the active manager of the business of the firm. In 1891 the firm began the publication of the "Library of American Literature," into which it is understood they put $100,000, and which tied up a part of their capital. They sold this part of the business in October, 1893, to Evarts Benjamin. Early in January last Mr. Hill stated that the firm sold a part of their subscription book business, continuing to have subscription branches, but were making trade books the feature of the business. Their certain resources in the business amount to from $150,000 to $200,000 above any debts. Mr. Clemens is supposed to be worth from $300,000 to $400,000 outside of his investments in the firm. Mr. Hill says he thinks the liabilities will be less than $25,000. The assignee made a similar statement, and added: "Mr. Clemens is individually liable for the debts of the firm, as well as the other partner. How much individual means he has I do not know, but I do not think he has very much."

General News.

Paris, April 18.—It is announced that a marriage has been arranged between Lady Victoria Alexandrina, youngest daughter of the Marquis of Dufferin, and Hon. William Lee Plunket, eldest son of the Archbishop of Dublin and primate of Ireland.

Columbus, Ohio, April 17.—The United Mine Workers are making great preparations for the coming strike. The following address has been sent out by President John McBride: "Miners—It is now or never that the power of concerted action on your part must do its work, the interests of home, family and organizations; the interests of the coal trade and the prosperity of the mining communities demand that you do your duty regardless of local and individual interests. Act promptly, act peaceably, act in line with your craftsmen, act to win better wages and condition."

The Scotch Bill.

London, April 18.—The bill introduced yesterday in the house of commons by Sir George Trevelyan, secretary for Scotland, providing for the appointment of a committee of eighty-seven members of the house, including Scottish members, to consider measures relative to Scotland, was again up yesterday.

Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer in Lord Salisbury's last administration, asked whether a similar committee would be appointed to consider Irish measures. The bill, he declared, was a sop to Scotsmen, as the evicted tenants' bill was a sop to Irishmen, thrown out to secure their support of the budget.

Right Hon. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, replying, admitted that the bill was an innovation, but said that if it was found safe for Scotch business it would be extended to Ireland. He accused the Conservatives of opposing the measure simply to withhold from the government the credit of any paragraph of the bills. He saw no reason why Ireland and Wales should not have similar bills if they wanted them.

Right Hon. Mr. Balfour introduced an amendment declining to sanction the proposition. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 252 to 21.

Origin of the Dollar Mark.

Below I give five theories of the origin of the dollar mark ($), they being selected from about twenty-five seemingly plausible solutions:

1. That it is a combination of "U. S.," the initials of the United States.

2. That it is a modification of the figure 8, the dollar being formerly called a "piece of eight."

3. That it is derived from a representation of the pillars of Hercules, consisting of two needle-like towers or pillars connected with a scroll. The old Spanish coins marked with the pillar device were frequently referred to as "pillar dollars."

4. That it is a combination of "H. S.," the ancient Roman mark of money unit.

5. That it is a combination of P and S, from peso, duro, signifying "hard dollar." In Spanish accounts peso is contracted by writing the S over the P, and placing it after the sum.

According to one writer the symbol of the dollar is a monogram of the letters "Y," "S," and "J," the dollar being originally a "thaler," coined in the valley of Sankt Joachim, Bohemia, and known as a "Joachims thaler," and the monogram the initials of the words, "Valley Sankt Joachim." A writer in giving his opinion of "Reason 3," as above, says:

"The American symbol for dollar is taken from the Spanish dollar, and the origin of the sign, of course, must be looked for in associations of Spanish coins. On the reverse of a Spanish dollar is a representation of the pillars of Hercules, and around each pillar is a scroll with the inscription 'plus ultra.' This device in the course of time degenerated into the sign which at present stands for American as well as Spanish dollars, '$.' The scroll around the pillars represents the two serpents sent by Juno to destroy Hercules in his cradle in mythologic lore."—St. Louis Republic.

African Diamonds.

The African diamond fields are in the Orange Free State, where there is one important mine at Jagersfontein, and in the British colony of Griqua Land West, where there are four. Of these, the best known are the Kimberley mine and the De Beers, the latter of which was so admirably illustrated in last summer's Columbian Exposition.

It is but 25 years since the gems were discovered on the Dark Continent, and the value of the annual yield now exceeds $20,000,000. It is interesting to note that notwithstanding these large quantities are mined and that diamonds have been so successfully imitated, their mine has not declined more than a dollar a carat.

The South African mines have yielded larger stones than any found in Brazil or India. Some of them are of a yellow tint, and therefore of low value; but the De Beers diamond (428 1-2 carats) and the Jagersfontein (969 1-2 carats), the last found less than a year ago, are perfectly white. These weights are for the rough diamonds, but the Kohinoor weighed only 192 carats, and was reduced by cutting to 102 3-4 carats.

The Kimberley mine has been worked to a depth of 400 feet, and vertical shafts have now superseded the inclined ones formerly used as means of entrance.

The quantity and value of the African gems in the market have made great changes in the diamond trade. The Brazilian gravels are now worked very little, as are the fields in India and Borneo. London is the diamond market of the world.

It would be worth while for the ladies to bear in mind that if they take a gentle course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the spring, they will have no trouble with "prickly heat," "hives," "ticks," "boils," or "black heads," when summer comes. Prevention is better than cure.

A Mohammedan Conspiracy in Java.

A revolution has just been nipped in the bud in the Island of Java, the richest and most important colony of Holland in India. According to the Nieuwsblad, Batavia, the police of this city recently surprised a meeting of Mohammedan fanatics, with a priest as their chief. A large quantity of pamphlets, books, talismans and charms were seized, and the persons present were taken into custody. For some time past the priest has been secretly preaching the holy war against the Giaours with such success that a number of his followers managed to raise considerable sums of money, which were spent in providing arms and ammunition for the coming struggle. The Courant, Surabaja, says that many more arrests are expected. The priest had pretended to be a prophet, and began his work by teaching the Koran. He turned the preaching to account in furthering his plans for the overthrow of Dutch rule. He persuaded his followers that they would be relieved of all trouble and care by joining him in his attempt, and by making him ruler of Java. Many Mohammedans spent all their earnings in his cause, especially the women, who proved to be of great service in winning adherents. It is, however, very unlikely that the rising would have been successful, as Batavia is very jealously guarded by Dutch authorities, and the native Princes of Java are very friendly toward the Dutch.

The Spring Medicine.

"All run down" from the weakening effects of warm weather, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not put off taking it. Numerous little ailments, if neglected, will soon break up the system. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, to expel disease and give you strength and appetite.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

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BEST CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL.

Steel, Peech & Tozer, Ltd.
BESSEMER STEEL. ∴ OPEN HEARTH STEEL.

JAMES HUTTON & CO., AGENTS,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

IS

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 11th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
Lv.	12.30 P M	6.30 P M		VICTORIA	Ar.	9.00 A M	2.30 P M	
Ar.	12.50	6.50	6	RUSKIN	Lv.	8.40	2.10	6
	12.55	6.55	7	ESQUIMALT		8.35	2.05	7
	1.05	7.05	9	GOLDSTREAM		8.25	1.55	9
	1.15	7.15	14	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		8.15	1.45	14
	1.25	7.25	19	SUMMIT SIDING		8.05	1.35	19
	1.35	7.35	23	COBBLE HILL		7.55	1.25	23
	1.45	7.45	28	MALAHAT		7.45	1.15	28
	1.55	7.55	32	SOOKE ROAD		7.35	1.05	32
	2.05	8.05	36	KOKSILAH		7.25	12.55	36
	2.15	8.15	39	DUNCANS		7.15	12.45	39
	2.25	8.25	44	SAHTLAM		7.05	12.35	44
	2.35	8.35	49	CHEMAINUS		6.55	12.25	49
	3.15	9.15	64	OYSTER BAY		6.15	11.45	64
	3.45	9.45	74	NANAIMO	Lv.	5.45	11.15	74
	4.15	10.15	84	WELLINGTON	Ar.	5.15	10.45	84

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M

Puebla - - - April 23

E. P. BITHEY & CO., Agents.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonners Ferry with stemmers from Kootenay, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Rates to all points East and Southeast cheaper than via any other route. Luxurious Sleepers and Elegant Upholstered Tourist Cars running through without change to

Boston,
Montreal,
Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Toronto.

R. M. Steamship Arawa sails for Australia via Honolulu April 16th.

R. M. Steamship Empress of Japan sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama April 23rd.

All Atlantic Steamship Lines represented. For rates and all information apply to

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Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Cookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. B.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	TONNAGE 1117
8 30 pm	Lv Victoria Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv Pt. Townsend Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv Seattle Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar Tacoma Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

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HONOLULU, by O. & O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,070 tons) Saturday, May 12th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 135 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Zealand Steel Screw Steamer Monowai.... Thursday, May 3rd, at 2 p. m. or immediately on arrival of the mail train from the East.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Yaquina Island are discontinued.

For freight or stateroom apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

HATS! HATS! Straw Hats, Felt Hats, Stiff Hats, Soft Hats. Our SPRING STOCK now complete. Newest Shapes. Latest Styles. See them. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

THOSE WATER RATES.

A Resolution Enforcing Payment Passes Council.

A QUESTION OF LEGALITY RAISED

Ald. Munn Thinks Notice Should Have Been Given. But Other Aldermen Think Otherwise—Hospital and Agricultural Association By-Laws Are Put Through.

The city council held a special meeting in the office of Mayor Teague last night. Aldermen Munn, Harris, Wilson, Baker, Styles, Humphreys, Dwyer and Ledingham were present.

The meeting began exactly at 8.

Engineer Grey, of the Victoria and Sydney railway, wrote regarding the subject of crossing over the city water pipes. There was also a letter from City Engineer Wilmot.

Referred to the water committee to report.

The Royal Jubilee hospital by-law was put through final stages.

The council was over half an hour in committee of the whole on the Agricultural association by-law, and reported the same with a few immaterial changes. The by-law subsequently passed a third reading.

Ald. Wilson moved, seconded by Ald. Humphreys, that the Royal Jubilee hospital by-law, the British Columbia Agricultural by-law, and the Sewerage Loan bylaw be submitted to a vote of the ratepayers on Tuesday, May 15. Places of polling—North ward, the public market; Central ward, Burnes House; South ward, 27 Government street. Passed.

The matter of overdue water rates was brought up and the best manner of dealing with delinquents was discussed.

Ald. Wilson—The water may be shut off or sued in court of law. Suing would take too long.

Ald. Ledingham—The rate chargeable on the land.

Ald. Humphreys—Other cities shut the water off. That is the best way.

Ald. Harris—A man might lose his house rent through the illegal act of the council.

Mayor Teague—The question is whether it is illegal.

City Clerk Dowler read from the Municipal act which gave the city power to shut off the water, or to sue.

Ald. Humphreys—Why is not the act put in force? If the act is no good the sooner it is altered the better.

Ald. Humphreys moved that the act be enforced against delinquents of three months and over.

Ald. Munn—You move to comply with the Municipal act.

Ald. Wilson—The water commissioner should do his duty without a resolution of the council. If he does not do his duty he is liable to censure.

Ald. Humphreys—I do not say that it is the fault of the commissioner.

Mayor Teague—It is a shame; wealthy people owing hundreds of dollars for water rent. They will soon want us to supply them with rye whiskey free.

Ald. Wilson—You are right; there are many who can well pay. A poor person can be dealt with leniently.

Mayor Teague—Give the water free to the poor people.

Ald. Munn—You cannot make any exception under the act; there is no provision.

Ald. Styles—There are lots of by-laws that do not stand in the courts.

Ald. Humphreys—There is nothing against the act yet.

Mayor Teague—Let us shut off the water, and let them begin the fight.

Ald. Wilson rose to a question of privilege. He said a letter was contained in the Times that bad bricks were being used in the sewers. This matter ought to be inquired into. It is a reflection on the honesty of the council.

Mayor Teague—The man is an anonymous writer and the council should not take notice of the letter.

Ald. Styles read the letter from the Times. It is as follows:

To the Editor—I would like to enquire through the columns of your paper who is responsible for the class of brick now being used in the construction of the Work estate surface drain. Two-thirds of the bricks, to my postive knowledge, are not fit to be used in the building of a chimney. I understand that the inspector condemed the same class of material on the Cook street drain which he is now allowing to be used in the above drain. What are our city fathers doing and what is the inspector there for?

SEWER BRICK.

That ought not to go unchallenged. A committee should be appointed.

Ald. Munn—The council should take no notice of such letters. They would never finish.

It was decided that the sewerage committee should investigate and report to the council.

The water rate question was again brought up. Ald. Munn contended that it was the duty of the council to enforce the collection of water rates, and not for the commissioner.

Ald. Wilson—The duty has been delegated to the water commissioner.

Ald. Munn—It must be by proper notice. No notice of the introduction of such resolution has been given.

When the council adjourned at 9:30, the aldermen were talking among themselves of the legality of the resolution passed. Aldermen Munn and Styles were of the opinion that notice of resolution should have been given as is required by the Municipal act, sec. 88.

Ald. Wilson and Ald. Humphreys thought otherwise. They contended this section did not apply in this instance.

It is probable that the opolnion of the city barrister will be asked so that all may be smooth sailing.

The Cameroon Atrocities.

Berlin, April 18.—The official admission of the truth of the reported atrocities in the Cameroons causes indignation throughout the empire. The only suggestion made as a possible extenuation of the German officials is that their health was affected by the climate and that this may have caused them to indulge in such excesses as the flogging of women. But these floggings were not by any means the only atrocities which have been brought home to the German officials of the Cameroons. Engineer Gerbhardt, engineer of the steamer Nachtigall, recently on the Cameroon coast, has written a letter published here, in which he says that the unfortunate negroes were hacked and mutilated with knives, as Governor Wehla gave orders not to shoot them. Another writer describes how the government soldiers understood splendidly how to hack the enemy, and that Commissioner Leist had some women fetched out of prison to dance, and when the dance was finished he did not send them all back.

Irving and Terry.

London, April 18.—The largest audience which the Lyceum theatre ever held assembled to-night to welcome Henry Irving and his company on their reappearance here after their American tour. The play was "Faust," and as Mr. Irving and Miss Ellen Terry appeared they received a tumultuous welcome. Mr. Irving made a speech of thanks in which he referred to the cordial welcome he and his company had received in America, saying: "Even as I stand here in my own home my heart goes back to our kinsmen and cousins across the sea, where we received kindness which we can never forget."

A Newspaper Sermon.

Louisville, Ky., April 18.—The Courier-Journal says: "The jury in the Pollard-Breckinridge case has brought in its verdict. The trial, which has for weeks crowded the court with the morbid and the puerile, and which has poured such vapors of pollution throughout the land, is over. Now let it pass the public mind. The press has done more than its legitimate duty in reporting the proceedings.

"New York newspapers have seized the oportunity to pander to the depraved and the vicious by adding to the functions of a journalist those of a scavenger. It is to be hoped now that even this element of the press which has done so much to discredit self-respecting journalism will find it no longer possible to pursue this foul matter. Let it be left to the court records, and let us trust to the wholesome sunshine of American manhood and womanhood to drive out the poisonous germs with which the moral atmosphere has been contaminated."

HERE AND THERE.

The advocates of cremation assert that burial grounds will be regarded as relics of an uncivilized age by the year 1894.

Mrs. Augusta Cordes, wife of Herman Cordes, of Indianapolis, has been divorced from her husband four times. She is the mother of thirteen children. Three re-marriages to one man is probably without parallel in the history of divorces.

An interesting and valuable relic of revolutionary days has been unearthed at Lancaster, Pa. It is the field and camp book of General Sullivan of the Continental army, and in it is recorded the history of the famous march in 1779 from New York and Wyoming and up the Susquehanna valley to punish the Tories and Indians for the Forty Fort massacre. The book is in a fair state of preservation. It will probably be deposited with the Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

Effingham B. Wilson, of No. 45 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D., has discovered somewhere on Long Island a perfect mine of Indian arrow heads. He keeps the secret of the location to himself, and is obliged to keep a sharp lookout for inquisitive speculators, who would like to follow him when he starts out to make a collection. Mr. Wilson has been offered a large sum for the arrow heads he has already in hand, but the offer was refused. When the collection reaches three thousand heads it will be the most extensive in the country.

Jewellers are fervently wishing that the styles prevalent in France in the tenth century might be revived for the sake of business. Judith, the wife of Conputin, wore a solid girdle of gold that weighed four pounds, and all the fashionable dames followed her example.

There is a German wood carver in Pittsburg who makes a good living manufacturing bogus bones, which he sells to the credulous as the bones of saints. They are believed by ignorant people to cure diseases.

The late Vicomte de Rainneville was the tallest and heaviest man in France. He weighed nearly four hundred pounds, was six feet six inches in height and measured sixty inches around the chest. When he spoke his voice was like the bellow of a bull.

Goats have been introduced into some of the big horse breeding farms of the west, where a disease something like epizooty has broken out. The theory is that the goats take the disease and the horses recover.

A company has been organized in Chicago to build movable sidewalks in large cities.

Hoop skirts, which came into vogue in the year 1530, weighed between thirty and forty pounds, but it was the "fashion," and they were hinged about by the belles of the period despite the discomfort.

Dean Stanley's Preaching.

In an article in the Independent the Rev. H. R. Haweis gives some interesting reminiscences of Dean Stanley, among others this incident illustrative of the Dean's illegible handwriting: "Once when he preached at my church every disaster that can befall a preacher of written sermons seemed to accumulate upon him. First he came to something like a standstill—he got his pages mixed. At last several leaves detached themselves and floated down from the pulpit. The dean waited patiently, with perfect dignity and composure, till they had been collected and restored to him, and had 'to try back' twice. He was very unequal as a preacher, but, as his biography reveals to me rather unexpectedly, extremely sensitive as to the effect produced by his sermons. I remember, however, that he had for some time resisted Green's request to address an East End congregation—St. Phillip's Stepney. He distrusted his power of holding the great unwashed, and only came on the understanding that there should be a certain leaven of educated people present. For so versatile a genius, his mistrust of himself was as strange as it was unnecessary."

A NERVOUS WOMAN.

Her Life is a Miserable One—What Science Has Done to Afford Her Relief.

Scientists call this a nervous generation, a generation of watery blood and weakness, and not without reason. In proof of this statement they point to the paleness of the woman of to-day, and contrast it with the ruddy, healthful color of the vigorous woman of a few decades ago.

The term "nervousness" does not, as many suppose, only cover a special affliction of the nervous system, but may signify a whole group of disorders. Weakness of the nerves may be produced by various causes, such as debilitated condition of the entire system, irregularity of the functions, constipation, impoverished or vitiated blood, torpid and sluggish liver, fickle appetite, impaired digestion, and various other causes seemingly small, but all tending to derange the nervous system and undermine the health. Any of these conditions may be actuated, especially in women, by overwork, worry, care, excitement, and many of the natural accompaniments of a woman's life. Every muscle and organ seems to lose its energy and strength; ambition and vigor fly away, and a languid, half-rested condition takes place. Headache, dizziness, aching limbs, biliousness, insomnia, are all forewarnings of a general breaking down of the health. Sadly numerous as such cases are, the knowledge of modern medical science has so far advanced that the enemy may be dethroned and good health restored.

Truthfully has it been said and acknowledged that no better means of accomplishing the desired result has been discovered than the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This medicine is without doubt the must sucessful household remedial agent ever compounded—an unrivalled health restorer. It first purifies and enriches the blood, reorganizes and gives strength to the disordered and weakened parts; sets in operation all the forces of nature necessary to functional activity. Its good influences are felt in every nerve, muscle and organ, and the improvement continues until the apex of perfect health is reached. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are surely the greatest boon medical science ever offered to woman. These pills are especially valuable at this season of the year, when even the most robust system requires a blood-purifying tonic to restore it to its normal condition after a trying season of indoor life.

A Terror From Java.

The animal most dreaded in Java is neither the wildcat nor the black leopard, nor even the rhinoceros, nor the royal tiger, all of which are to be found there; but, strange as it may appear, a harmless little creature, no larger than a common squirrel, which is called by the natives malmag and by the English speaking people the tarsius. It is indeed a weird, strange animal, and is regarded with so much dread by the superstitious Javanese that they will abandon a place altogether rather than live in its neighborhood.

As it suddenly appears at dusk, moving noiselessly about, showing its queer face amid the leaves of some trees and peering down upon an intruder with its immense, staring yellow eyes, it is a most unearthly looking animal, reminding one more of the gnomes and the imps of fable than of any creature of flesh and blood. It makes a snug little home under the roots of the giant bamboo canes of Java, where the husband and wife, who are never far apart, bring up their queer little families.

They are very dainty little animals, and always make sure that their food is fresh and good by killing it themselves; they will touch nothing that has been partly eaten. They live upon small lizards, of which they are very fond, but will eat shrimps and insects if nothing better is to be had. They never drink a second time from the same water. The tarsius seldom makes any noise, but sometimes gives a single, sharp, shrill cry, which it does not repeat. During the day it is always fast asleep, but at night appears quite lively, springing about and climbing everywhere. It is easily tamed, and is very gentle, loves to be caressed and petted, and in return it licks the hands and face and creeps about the person of its owner.

When astranger draws near its cage it tries at first to stare him out of countenance by fixing its great, owl-like eyes upon his and never winking or moving them away. If this does not answer and the intruder continues to draw near the tersius will draw up its lips and show a set of beautiful white teeth, regular and sharp, but it never bites. It laps water like a dog or cat, but much more slowly, and it eats a great deal for so small an animal. It has a great aversion to light and loves the darkest corner, where it will sit up like a squirrel and hold its food a long time in its forepaws before eating it.

Some animals have swiftness, some have strength, some cunning, and others are clad in coats of bony mail to protect them from their enemies; but the only defence with which the tarsius is endowed, and it seems to be sufficient, is its strange, weird appearance and staring eyes.—The Animals' Friend.

"How does it happen that the sun sets in the west?" asked the teacher.

"It does it Occidentally," replied Benny Blowns, who was kept in half an hour after school for his smartness.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. tts&w

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,388 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the thirteenth day of May, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency, there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $888.

7. For the purpose of payment of the said sums in the next preceeding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill on the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the thirtieth day of May, A.D. 1894.

This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 16th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street, (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 19, 1894.

Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the "Winding up Act" and amending acts. And in the matter of the Victoria Iron Works Company, Limited.

The creditors of the above named company are required on or before the 26th day of April, 1894, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to William Monteith, of the City of Victoria, the official liquidator of the said company, and, if so required in writing from the said official liquidator, are by their solicitors to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the Chambers of Mr. Justice Drake, at the Law Courts, Victoria, at 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May, 1894, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefits of of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 16th April, 1894.

JAMES C. PREVOST,
a17-td Registrar.

RUPTURE — More CURES have been effected by my Truss than by all other devices combined. They retain largest rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 87 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

No. 294.

A BY-LAW

To Authorize "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited," to erect poles and String Wires, and generally to operate and carry on the business for which the said Company was incorporated, under, over and through the streets and other public Places of the City of Victoria.

Whereas "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited," became on the 20th day of September, 1890, a duly incorporated company under the laws of the province of British Columbia, having for its objects, inter alia, the carrying on of a general business of electric lighting and electric power supply, and any other business which can be conviently carried on by the company in connection with the above business;

And whereas shortly after the incorporation of the said company as aforesaid, the company, in pursuance, of and with the approval of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and for the purpose of carrying on and giving effect to the business and purposes of the said company, caused to be erected and has erected a number of poles, and has strung wires thereon, in and through the streets and other public places within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria;

And whereas the Victoria Electric Company, Limited, has petitioned the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to pass a by-law to authorise and approve of the erection of the said poles and wires by the said company already erected, and to authorize the said company to erect such further poles and wires within and through the streets and other public places of the City of Victoria as may be necessary for the due carrying on and operation of the business and objects for which the said company was incorporated;

And whereas under and by virtue of subsection 29 of section 104 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is empowered to make by-laws for the authorization and regulation of electric light companies;

And whereas it is expedient to pass the by-law petitioned for by the Victoria Electric Company, Limited;

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Victoria Electric Company, Limited, its successors and assigns, hereinafter referred to as "the Company," and they are hereby authorized and empowered to erect and continue poles and wires thereon for the purpose of electric lighting and supplying electric power, or any other objects which can be conveniently carried on by the company in connection with their said business, and to do such other works and things as may be necessary for carrying on the said works in and through the streets and other public places of the said City of Victoria; provided always, that the said works in erecting the said poles and stringing the said wires shall be under and subject to the approval and supervision of the City Engineer, or such other officer as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria may from time to time appoint.

2. The consent, ratification and authority of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby given, made and granted to the company in respect of the works already executed by them as aforesaid in the erection of poles and stringing of wires in and through the streets and other public places of the said City of Victoria, for the purpose of enabling the company to carry on and operate the business for which it was incorporated.

3. This by-law may be cited as "The Victoria Electric Company, Limited, Authorization By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of April, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed by the Council this 10th day of April, 1894.

(L.S.) JNO. TEAGUE, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 10th day of April, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law, in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

The sower has no second chance. If you would at first succeed, be sure and start with FERRY'S SEEDS. Ferry's Seed Annual for 1894 contains the sum and substance of the latest farming knowledge. Every planter should have it. Sent free. D. M. Ferry & Co., Windsor, Ont.

The Improved Royal Incubator
Simple and reliable; hatches all kinds of eggs. Hundreds in successful operation. Send for circular, free. Address J. S. SMITH, Incubator Works, Chilliwack, B. C. j12-3m

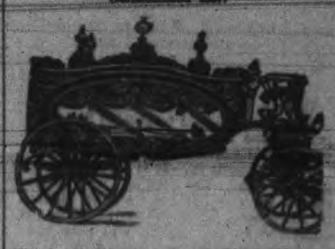
PUBLIC NOTICE.

Second Street, between Kings Road and Bay Street is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, B. C., April 14.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 s,m,t&w 1y]

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 5-room house, etc., $200 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH, Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.50.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY
The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.
The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.
THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

EASTERN CANADA.

Bobbies on Bicycles—Catholic Bishops to Petition the Queen.

Prof. Sanders' Roseate Report—Fatal Results of a Football Kick.

Toronto, April 19.—The police commissioners have decided to provide five members of the force with bicycles for the purposes of partol duty in the suburbs.

Ottawa, April 19.—It is stated on good grounds that the petition now being signed by the Roman Catholic bishops in reference to the school question is addressed to the Queen, and asks that the Imperial parliament amend the Manitoba act of 1870, so as to have the effect of restoring private schools in that province. It is also stated that the Quebec members of the cabinet threatened to appeal to Rome if the bishops did anything to force them to resign.

Professor Saunders, of the experimental farm, stated to-day that the outlook for the farmer was, so far, the best for several years. He said the early and dry spring had left the ground in the best of condition for crops. Sowing at the experimental farm was fifteen to twenty days earlier than last year and the conditions far better. He was asked if wet and cold weather during May might not alter this forecast. He said hardly, for grain would not be sufficiently above ground to be affected, although corn and potatoes might suffer somewhat, but there was no meteorological reason to expect unusual weather in May, and he thought that altogether the prospects at this season were the most favorable for an excellent harvest of any in the last six or eight years.

When the house met to-day it dealt with the question of examining witnesses on oath at the public accounts committee, Mulock moving an amendment to the committee's report to this effect.

Berlin, Ont., April 19.—A fourteen year old son of Mr. Greiner, of Greiner & Co., on Saturday, April 7th, was playing football near his home, when one of the boys on the opposite side accidentally kicked him on the shin. Blood poisoning set in, resulting in his death.

HORRIBLY BURNED.

Melancholy Accident to a Child—Nicola Valley Railway.

Vancouver, April 19.—Mildred, the three year old daughter of Mayor Anderson, was horribly burned by setting the bed clothes on fire with matches yesterday afternoon. She is very low today.

The officials returned to-day from having successfully turned the first sod of the Nicola Valley railway.

H. Abbott went on to Victoria this afternoon.

Cheapest Boots and Shoes in Canada At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Brief Locals.

—Canton Victoria, No. 1, P. M., will hold a special meeting to-morrow evening (Friday) at 7:30 p.m. for the election of officers. Every member must be present.

—Monday night an "English Social" will be held by the Young People's Union of Emmanuel Baptist Church. Proceeds will be devoted to the organ fund.

—The Victoria Political Organization met last night in Adelphia Hall. It was stated after the meeting that there had been a general discussion on matters pertaining to the coming campaign but that nothing of special importance had taken place. The meeting was fairly well attended.

—The summer schedule on the Canadian Pacific Steamship line will commence with the next trip. The Empress of Japan will sail on Monday next, and on May 14th the next steamship will leave. The Japan will have a big list of passengers and every steamer both ways will be crowded all through the season.

—A special dispatch to the Halifax Herald from London says it has leaked out that the Bank of British Columbia, on Lombard street, an English bank doing business on the Pacific coast, with its head office here, had suffered loss by robbery on Saturday. A bag containing £7,775 in Bank of England notes and bills was taken from the counter of Smith, Payne & Smiths, the private bankers with whom the Bank of British Columbia keeps its account. Payment of the notes has been stopped.

Pre Columbian Voyages to America.

It has been frequently asserted by Scandinavian scholars and others that the legends and traditions of the Icelandic sagas bearing upon the pre-Columbian discovery of America would be established as facts, if the private records of the Vatican could be called upon as witnesses; but until Leo XIII occupied the Vatican, no amount of argument or influence was able to unlock the mysterious manuscripts which for 1800 years have been accumulating on the shelves of the holy see. In the summer of 1892, Congress passed a resolution requesting the governments of Spain, France, Great Britain, the Pope of Rome, the Duke of Veragua, and others, to loan for exhibition in the convent of La Rabida, at the World's Columbian Exposition, certain manuscripts, maps and printed volumes relating to the voyage of Columbus, and the discovery and early settlement of America. His Eminence, Mgr. Rampolla, who represented the Pope in the negotiations, was extremely cordial and interested, and furnished a fac-simile of every important and interesting document that could be found bearing upon the early history of America. The claims of the Scandinavian scholars were not sustained, and no evidence was disclosed to show that the discoveries and adventures of the Norsemen in America were ever known to the church, or that Columbus obtained any information or assistance whatever from this source, but there were brought to light several historical documents of the greatest value relating to the settlement of Greenland. According to Adam of Bremen (died about 1076), and the sagas, Norwegians first reached the American coast at the end of the 9th or beginning of the 10th century; but, as in Norway itself, so in Greenland, the complete establishment of the Christian religion is attributed to King Olaf II (died 1030). It is said that Archbishop Adalbert, of Bremen (1055) sent Albert the first bishop to Greenland. The bishoprick certainly existed in 1124. It was the first bishoprick erected in America.—William Ellery Curtis in National Geographic Magazine.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

YACHTING.

GOULD BUYS THE VIGILANT.

New York, April 19.—The Times says: George Gould has purchased the Vigilant. The gentlemen who had the yacht built last season to defend the America cup against the Valkyrie, met yesterday afternoon and decided to accept the terms offered by Mr. Gould, who is to pay $25,000 for the boat. It is probable that Mr. Gould intends to race her. He is a member of the New York Yacht club, and owns the big schooner Hildegarde, formerly the property of the Prince of Wales.

CRICKET.

ROYAL ARTILLERY VS. COLLEGE.

Yesterday afternoon the opening cricket match of the season was played at Beacon Hill between elevens of Victoria College and the Royal Marine Artillery. The College won the toss and sent their opponents to the bat first. Lieutenants Templar and Barnes facing the bowling of Goward and Wilson. Barnes played good cricket for 20, but the others could do little against the bowling, and the side was dismissed for 41. Rain fell throughout the college innings and made bowling hard for the artillery. Wilson, Higgins, Cartwright and J. Macleod all reached double figures, Macleod playing particularly good cricket for 12, not out. Goward bowled remarkably well for the college, taking six wickets, all clean bowled, for only 14 runs, and G. Wilson also did very well. The college fielding was not quite up to its reputation but will doubtless improve with practice. The return match will be played with the artillery at Macaulay Point on May 19th. The score was:

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Lieut. Barnes, b. Wilson	20
Lieut. Templar, b. Wilson	1
Gr. Barraclough, b. Goward	0
Br. Kelly, b. Goward	3
Br. Cameron, b. Goward	5
Gr. Lyons, b. Goward	0
Frain, b. Goward	0
Blackman, b. Goward	1
Bonner, not out	2
Sawyer, b. Wilson	0
Rann, b. Goward	3
Extras	5
	40

THE COLLEGE.

D. Macleod, b. Barraclaigh	3
G. Wilson, c. Barnes, b. Barraclaigh	16
A. Goward, c. Cameron, b. Rann	3
F. Prevost, b. Barraclaigh	0
C. Cartwright, b. Frain	12
R. Wilson, c. Templar, b. Barnes	1
J. Macleod, not out	12
P. Higgins, c. Blackman, b. Rann	10
C. Marpole, c. Barnes	5
L. Mitten, c. Barnes	0
H. Lawson, c. Barnes	0
Extras	19
	81

VICTORIA COLLEGE FIXTURES.

Victoria College will play the following games this year: April 21, Old Boys C. C.; April 25, Form VI.; April 28, Albion C. C.; May 5, Royal Dockyard C. C.; May 12, Victoria C. C., 2nd eleven; May 17, Royal Marine Artillery; May 19, United Banks C. C.; May 26, Old Boys C. C.; June 2, Royal Dockyard C. C.; June 9, United Banks C. C.; June 16, Albion C. C.; June 23, Victoria C. C., 2nd eleven.

Baffled the Tramps.

Denver, Col., April 19.—The local Coxey band was outwitted again last night. They moved ten miles up the Burlington and Missouri river tracks to Barr station intending to hold up the train, but the railroads had called on the county for assistance and 20 deputy sheriffs were sent to Barr. They returned last night after the last train had gone. The tramps were left without shelter.

Men's Tweed Suits $6.00 At Russell & McDonald's.

The Spring Medicine.

"All run down" from the weakening effects of warm weather, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not put off taking it. Numerous little ailments, if neglected, will soon break up the system. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, to expel disease and give you strength and appetite.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Justice Crease returned home yesterday.

John Parker returned from the Sound last evening.

L. R. Ruggles, of Nanaimo, is registered at the Hotel Victoria.

J. H. and Mrs. Meldram left by the Umatilla for California last night.

W. G. Gallagher, of the Nanaimo Telegram, is registered at the Driard.

William S. Maher, of Sumas, arrived in town last night. He will be here a few days.

M. O'Neill, of the Vancouver C.P.R. telegraph office, left for San Francisco this morning.

James O'Neil, Count of Monte Cristo, signed in the register of the Driard House at noon. The company came down from Nanaimo.

B. J. Short, Vancouver; Mr. and Mrs. Prise, England; Chas. Ia Montague, Montral; A. H. Copper, Hope, are quartered at the Oriental.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—S Maher, E A Goddard, J Shaw, C Stimson, Mrs Stimson, J Smith, J Mortimer, Capt Jones, Wm Rowe, J Monahan, Peter Olsen, A H Copper, J Cox, L C Schermerhorn, Victor Mitchell, C Angus, J S Dougherty, Capt Webster, S Allen, L Lamontague, Rev Alfred E Price, Mrs Price, Mrs Williams, Ashdown Green, Hon Justice Crease, E Osborne, L Whiten, Dr Milne, H J Short, A Allen, A M Fraser, Mrs Fraser.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Standard Oil Co, S Leiser, Lenz & Leiser, D Spencer, R P Rithet, C Braund, & Co, Order J R, C R King, A Baker, Clark & Pearson, Capt A H Burns, Cookson & Plows, E G Prior & Co, E Wall & Co, F R Stewart, Gilmore & McC, Hudson Bay Co, J H Todd & Son, T B Johnstone, Johns Bros, J Tollick, Sir M B Beghie, W G McKenzie, Wilson Bros, W Blackie, J O'Neill & Co, J Mitchell, Ramsay Bros, Wood & Orr, Dom Exp Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the **Stomach, Liver, or Bowels** may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, billiousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, **the best remedy for** which is **Ayer's** Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most **popular**, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. Brockwell, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

"Thirty-five years ago this spring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded, at last, to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 6 boxes every year, which make 216 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

ESTATE OF A. J. SMITH.

Creditors meeting April 23rd, at 3 p.m., at assignees' office, 12 Bastion Square, Geo. A. Perris and P. J. A. Schwengers. a14-6t

Upon the food you select for your baby depends largely your child's health and your own comfort.

MILK GRANULES

is the best for the following reasons:

1.—It is the perfect equivalent of mother's milk.

2.—A new born infant will take it readily, digest it perfectly and thrive upon it alone.

3.—It agrees perfectly with mother's milk and thus enables a mother to partially nurse her baby while giving it Milk Granules.

4.—It requires only water in its preparation.

5.—Milk Granules has proved satisfactory where every other food has failed.

Milk Granules is not claimed to be suited to infants of all ages. It is specially designed for the first few months of infancy, and as the child grows stronger it should be placed by our second food.

Milk Granules with Cereals.

If your grocer or druggist do not keep it send direct to

THE JOHNSTON FLUID BEEF CO., Montreal.

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

30 Broad Street.

AUCTION

Furniture, Etc.

Friday, April 20, at 11 a.m.

I will sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, 1 fine Walnut Parlour Suite, Centre Table, French Clock, 4 Hanging Lamps, 1 fine French Mirror, 5x4; Engravings, Lace Curtains and Poles, 1 Leather Lounge and Arm Chair, Bedroom Suites, Single Bedsteads, Baby's Crib, Double and Single Bedstends, a fine Marble Top Walnut Sideboard, Dining Chairs, Filter, Baby's Chairs, Brussels Carpets, Perambulator, 3 Parlour Stoves, Hose, 4 Sprinklers, Lawn Mower, Garden Roller, Bedroom Lamps, Kitchen Table, Lot of Crockery and Glassware, Tinware, Wringer, Wash Tubs, Buck-saw, Coal Scuttles, Garden Tools, Pruner, a nearly new Grand Universal Range with hot water pipes and tank, a good counter and 400 gal. iron water tank, etc.

Also two fine American safes, Phoenix make, 900 and 500 pounds each.

GEORGE BRYNES, Auctioneer.

a17

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

The Massachusetts Benefit Life Association

Has written in the first fifteen years of its history four times as much insurance as the Mutual Life, seven times as much as the New York Life, and has at the beginning of its sixteenth year $105,581,605.00 insurance in force. Statement of business for 1893 was:

Policies written during the year,	6,744 members. Dividends, $174,000.
Insurance written during the year	$16,656,000 00
Emergency or surplus fund	1,027,796 08
Amount carried to surplus fund during the year	236,362 29
Amount paid in losses during the year	1,511,868 72

Total amount paid in losses since organization was $8,464,272.57. Out of this amount over $100,000 was paid out in Canada during the year of 1893. Massachusetts Benefit Life Association is so familiar to the people of the United States and Canada all know it stands well to the head of Life Insurance companies. In the good work of this association scarcely an hour passes that its beneficent actions is not called into force. There is no company that has ever done such good work, and establishes beyond peradventure a high standing with its policy holders, an army of people. The claim of the company to the public notice is first security; the company has deposited $50,000 with the Dominion government for the security of the Canadian policy holders.

Geo. G. Bigger is the provincial manager and a hard worker, being traveling agent in British Columbia for seven years. He is well known, having written many thousand dollars worth of insurance in six months for his company. This speaks well for the able management of the company in having selected a good first class rustler. Mr. Bigger is an energetic young man of good reputation and an active member in the I.O.O.F.

Good live agents wanted in every town in British Columbia. Apply in person or by post to G. G. Bigger, 548 Harris street, Vancouver, B. C.

Australian Butter

...AT...

Erskine, Wall & Co's

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea 80 cents per lb.

G. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

LIMITED.

Agricultural Implements.
Builders Hardware.
Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Ladies Costumes

Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the *ne plus ultra* of durability, beauty and delicacy of texture. They have long been the favorite dress goods of well dressed Englishwomen. The Americans prefer them to French goods. Canadian ladies can obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS MATERIALS

Progress IS THE ORDER OF THE AGE...

NOTE THE COMPARISON.

The Old Fashioned Tub and Pail.	The Tub and Pail of the Day.
Heavy and cumbersome.	Light and neat.
Leakage by shrinkage and swelling. Its very life depending upon a couple of iron hoops liable at any moment to come off.	Leakage impossible, being impervious to moisture and temperature. No hoops on the new article nor none required.

The New Kind is made by..... Insist on your Grocer having it **Eddy**

WHOLESALE PRICES

DIRECT TO PURCHASERS.

They are THE BEST Ever Offered

You will save fifty per cent. by sending for them. Why not deal direct and get the Best Stock at Best Prices and in Best Condition?

PRAIRIE QUEEN NURSERY, HENRY W. ASH, Prop., West Union, Iowa.

FRESH and RELIABLE

Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS,

Now ready to select from

G. A. McTAVISH,

9 Park Road, Victoria.

Catalogues mailed free.

Esquimalt Fortifications

It is reported that

500 Men are Wanted

If you are engaged use **PENDRAY'S SOAP** and advise your neighbors to; it is is the best cleaner on the market, and keeps your money circulated at home.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS Manager

100 Gross

CLAY PIPES

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The Leading Tobacconist. COLONIST BLOCK

NATIONAL MILLS,

OUTER WHARF.

TRY

Our Special CHOP FEED

$20.00 per ton.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

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